

# The CIRS Investigation on Cassini After Six Years at Saturn



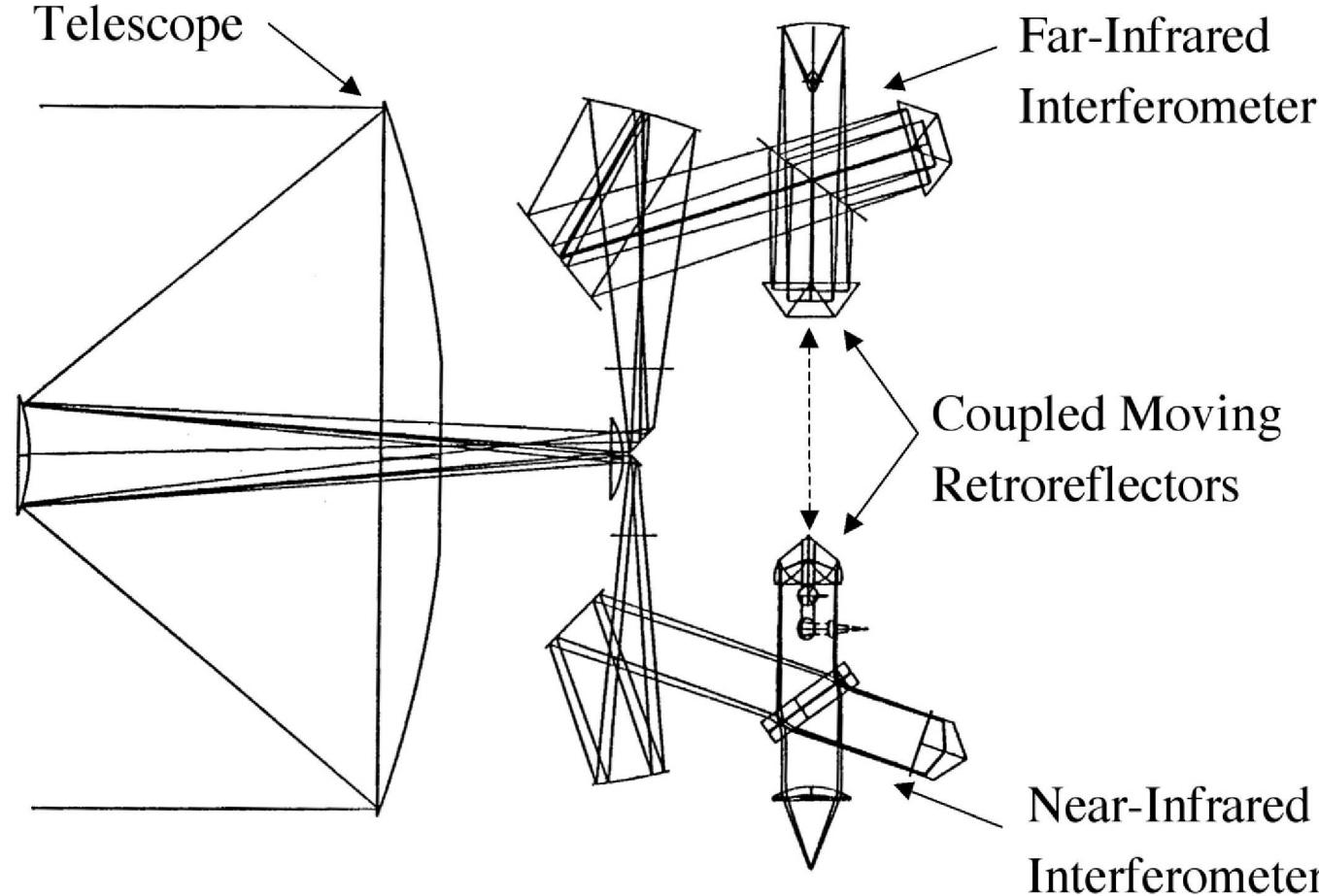
Don Jennings  
presented at  
University of Oxford  
Atmospheric, Oceanic & Planetary Physics  
13 May 2010

# Description of CIRS Investigation

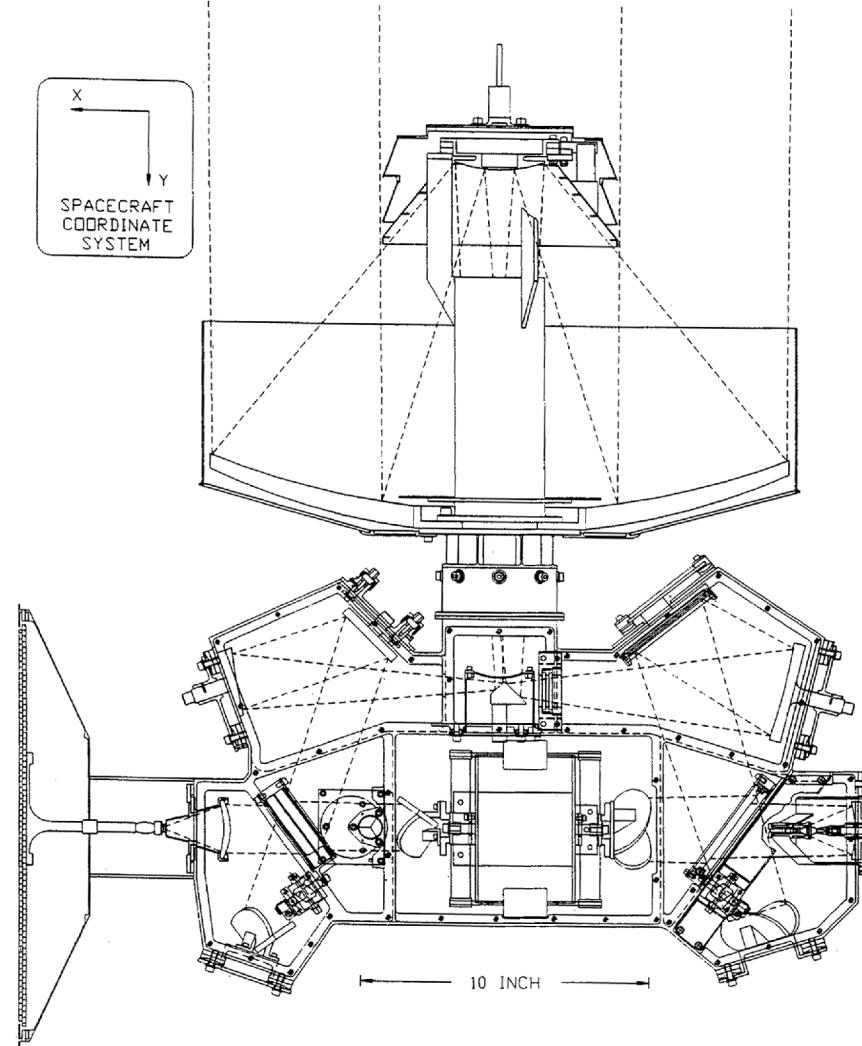


- Infrared spectroscopy of thermal emission from atmospheres, rings, and surfaces in  $10\pm1450 \text{ cm}^{-1}$  (1000±7 micron) region.
- Global mapping in atmospheres of the three dimensional and temporal variation of:
  - Gas composition.
  - Temperatures.
  - Dynamics.
  - Aerosols, clouds.
- Mapping of rings and icy satellite surfaces for:
  - Composition.
  - Thermal properties.

# Optical Layout



# CIRS Mechanical Layout with Raytrace



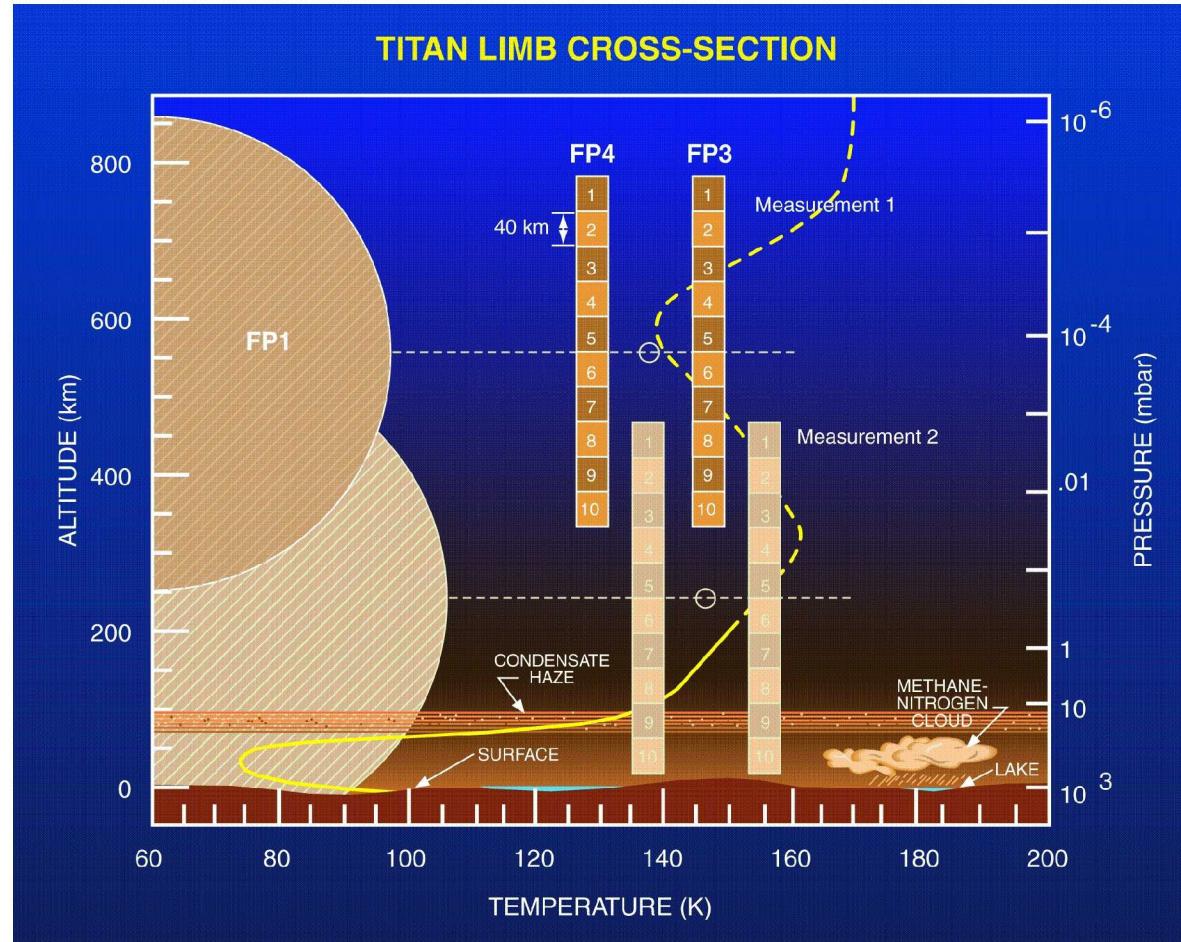


# Instrument Description

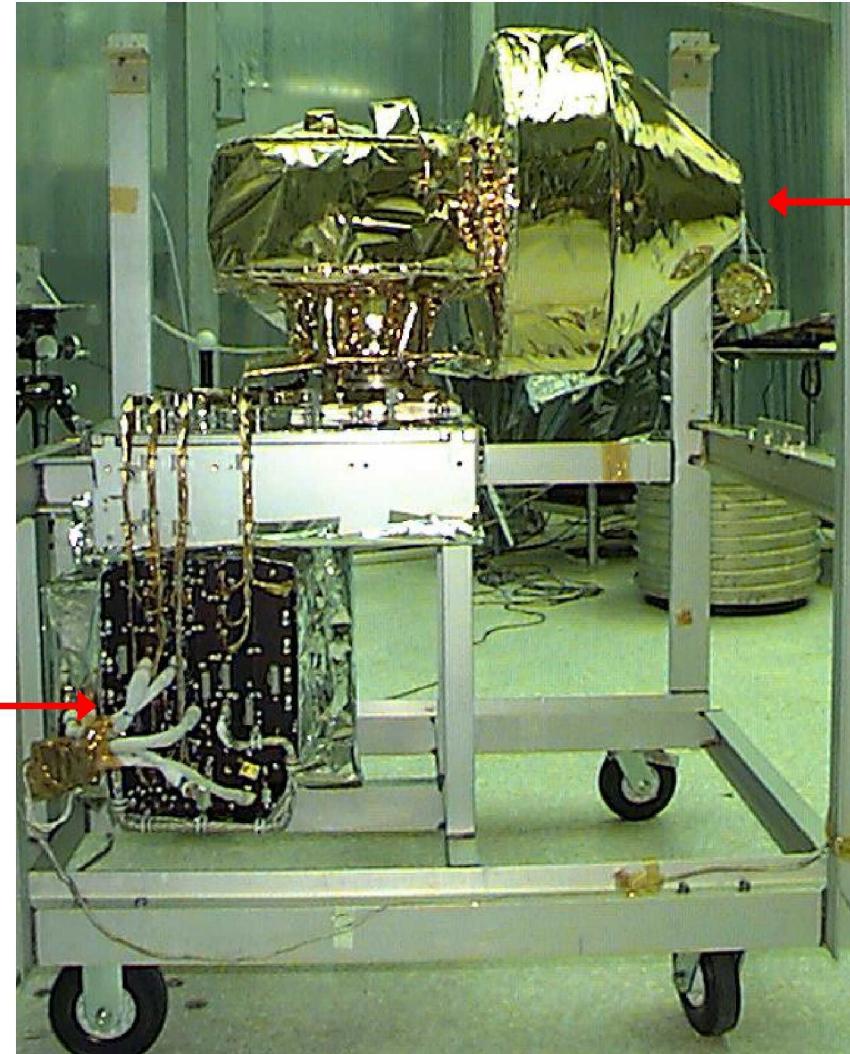
<b>Telescope Diameter (cm):</b>	<b>50.8</b>		
<b>Interferometers:</b>	<b>FAR-IR</b>		<b>MID-IR</b>
<b>Type:</b>	<b>Polarizing</b>	<b>Michelson</b>	
<b>Spectral range (cm<sup>-1</sup>):</b>	<b>10 - 650</b>	<b>600 -1450</b>	
<b>Spectral range (microns):</b>	<b>15.4 - 1000</b>	<b>6.9 -16.6</b>	
<b>Spectral resolution (cm<sup>-1</sup>):</b>	<b>0.5 to 20</b>	<b>0.5 to 20</b>	
<b>Integration time (sec):</b>	<b>2 to 50</b>	<b>2 to 50</b>	
 <b>FOCAL PLANES:</b>	 <b>FP1</b>	 <b>FP3</b>	 <b>FP4</b>
<b>Spectral range (cm<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b>10 - 650</b>	<b>600 - 1125</b>	<b>1100 - 1450</b>
<b>Detectors</b>	<b>Thermopile</b>	<b>PC HgCdTe</b>	<b>PV HgCdTe</b>
<b>Pixels</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1 x 10</b>	<b>1 X 10</b>
<b>Pixel FOV (mrad)</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>0.273</b>	<b>0.273</b>
<b>Peak D*(cm hz<sup>1/2</sup> W<sup>-1</sup>)</b>	<b><math>4 \times 10^9</math></b>	<b><math>2 \times 10^{10}</math></b>	<b><math>5 \times 10^{11}</math></b>
 <b>Data Telemetry Rate (kbs)</b>	 <b>2, 4</b>		
<b>Instrument Temperature (K)</b>	<b>170</b>		
<b>Focal Planes 3 &amp; 4 Temperature (K)</b>	<b>75 - 90</b>		



# CIRS FOV's Projected on Titan's Limb



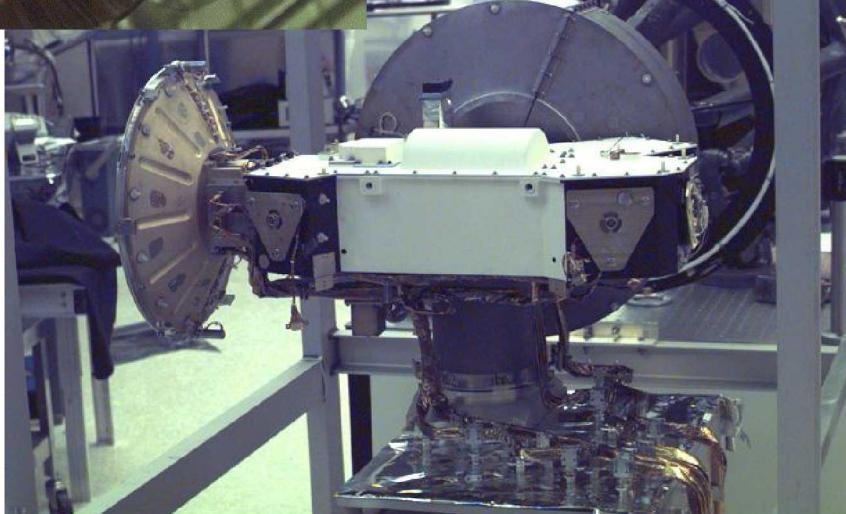
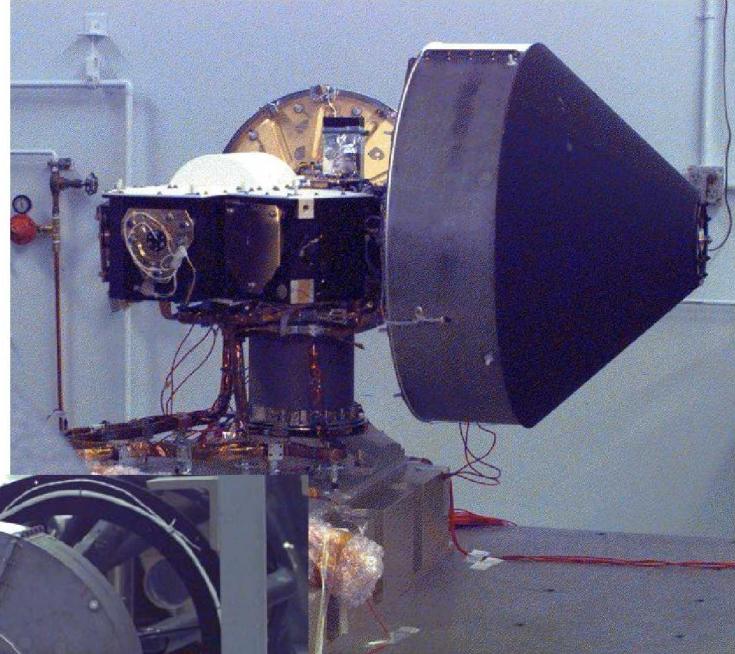
# CIRS Ready for Thermal-Vacuum Testing



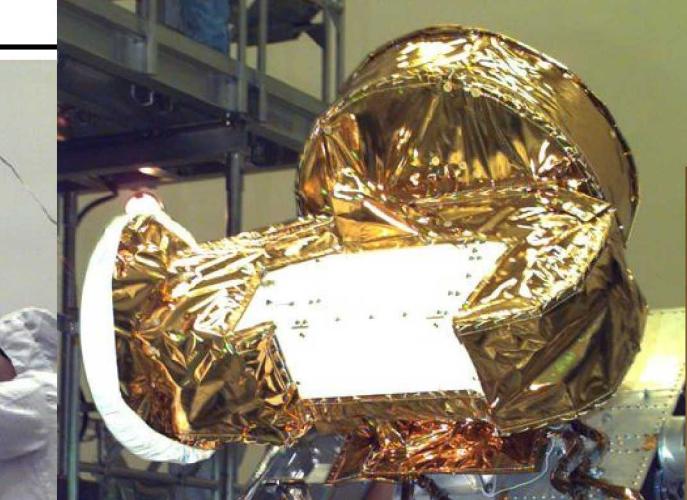
Electronics  
Module

Optics  
Module

# CIRS without MLI



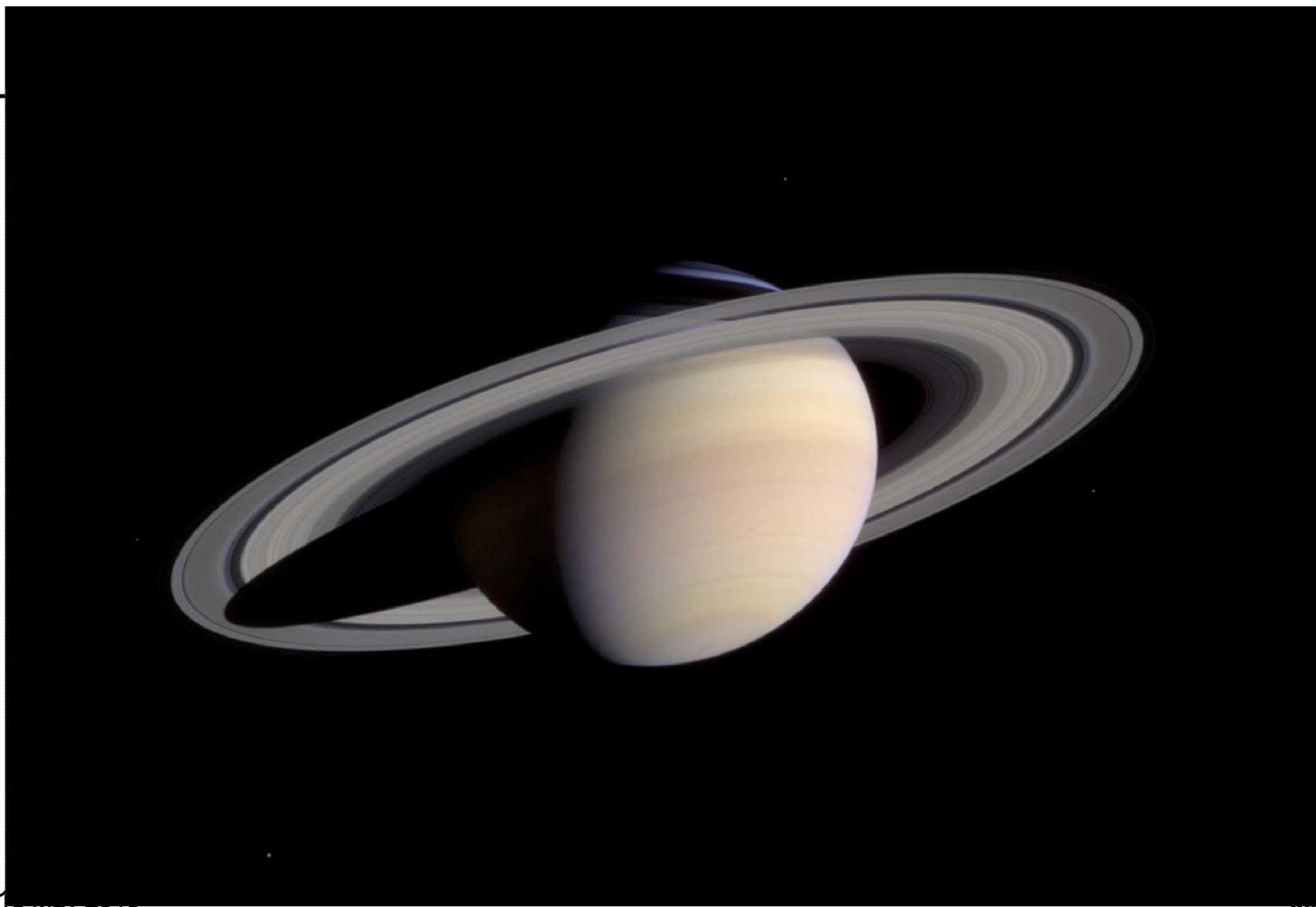
# Installing CIRS on Cassini



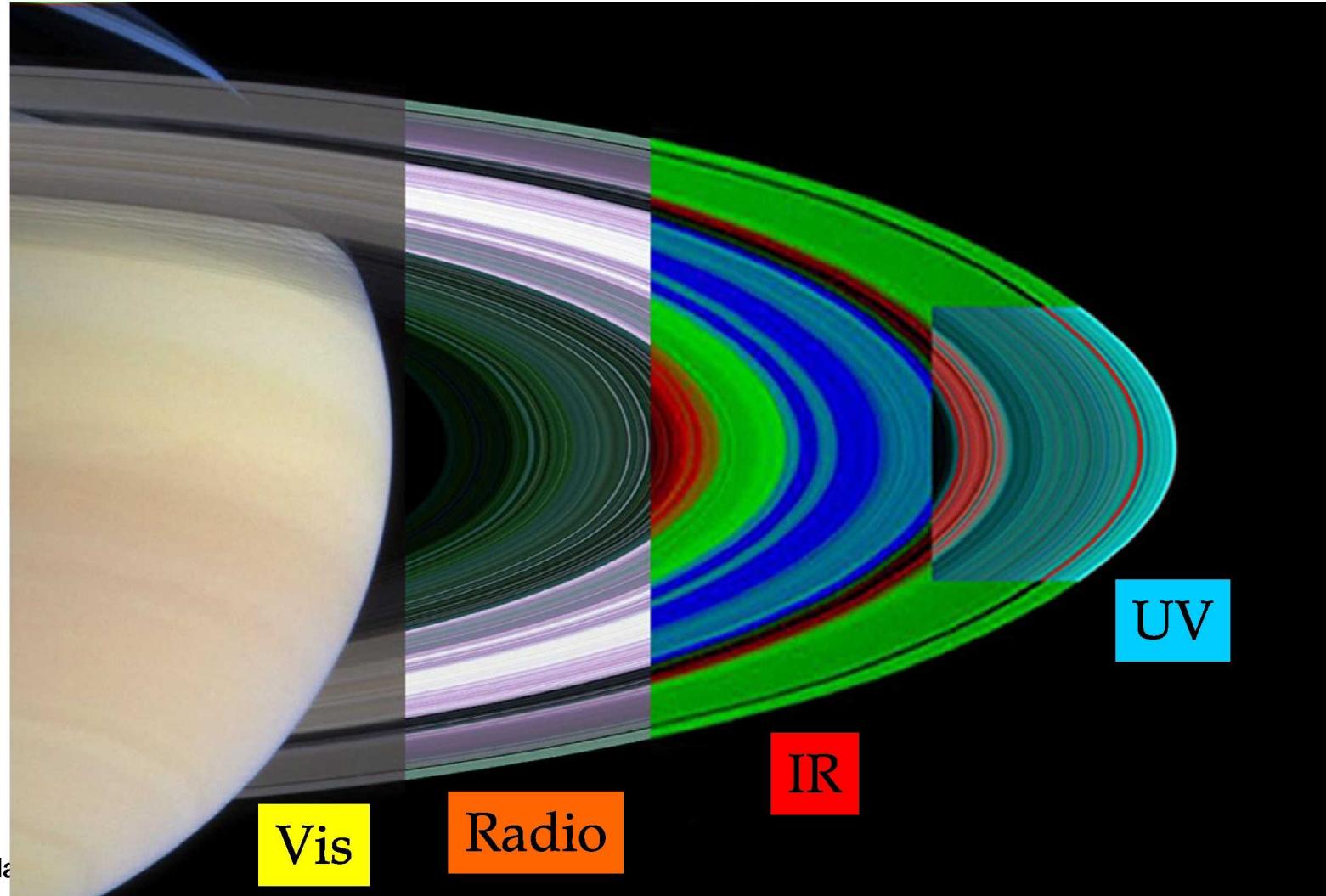
13 May 2010

dej-9

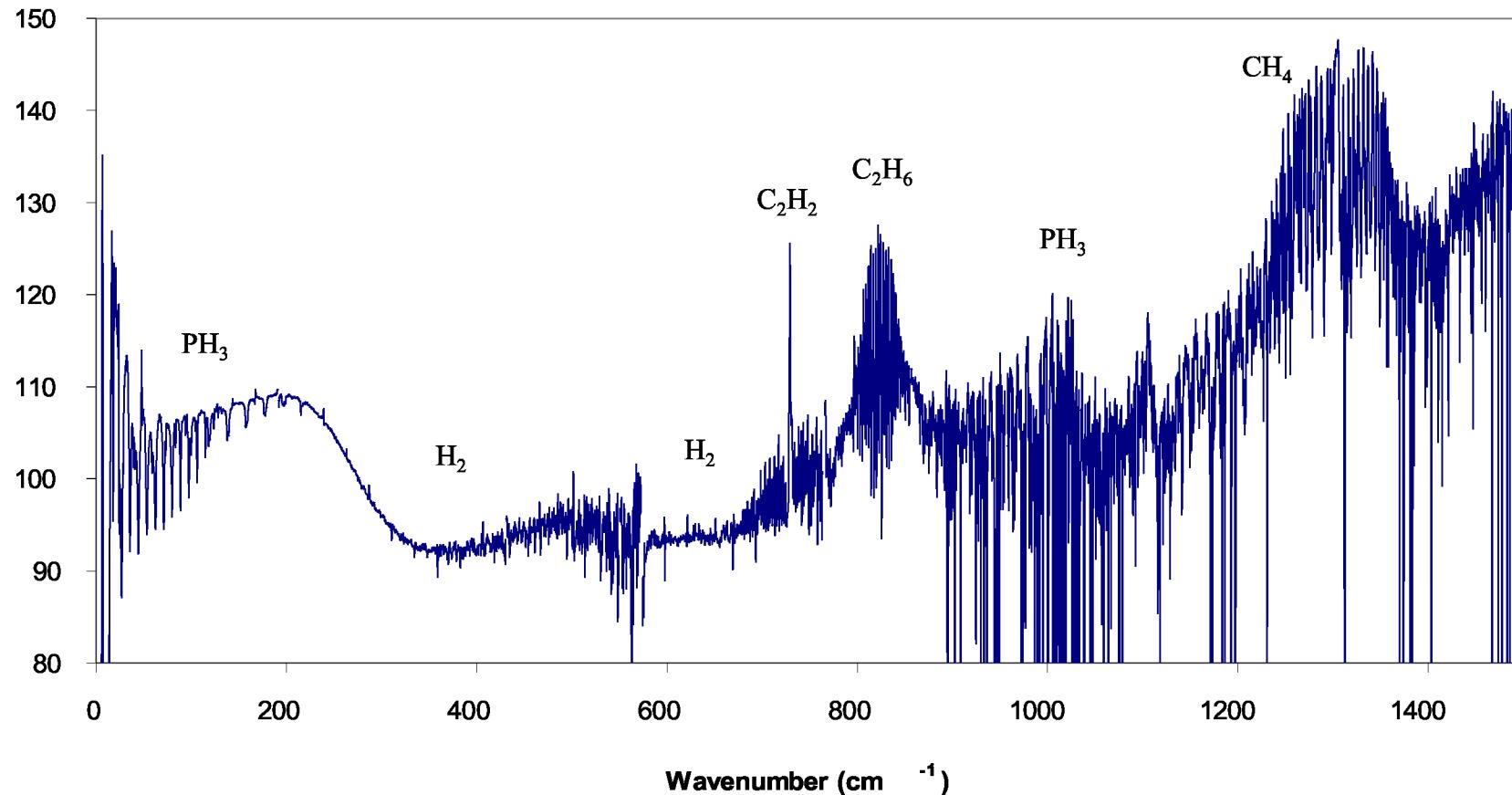
# Saturn from Cassini



# Saturn's Rings in Visible, Radio, Infrared, and Ultraviolet

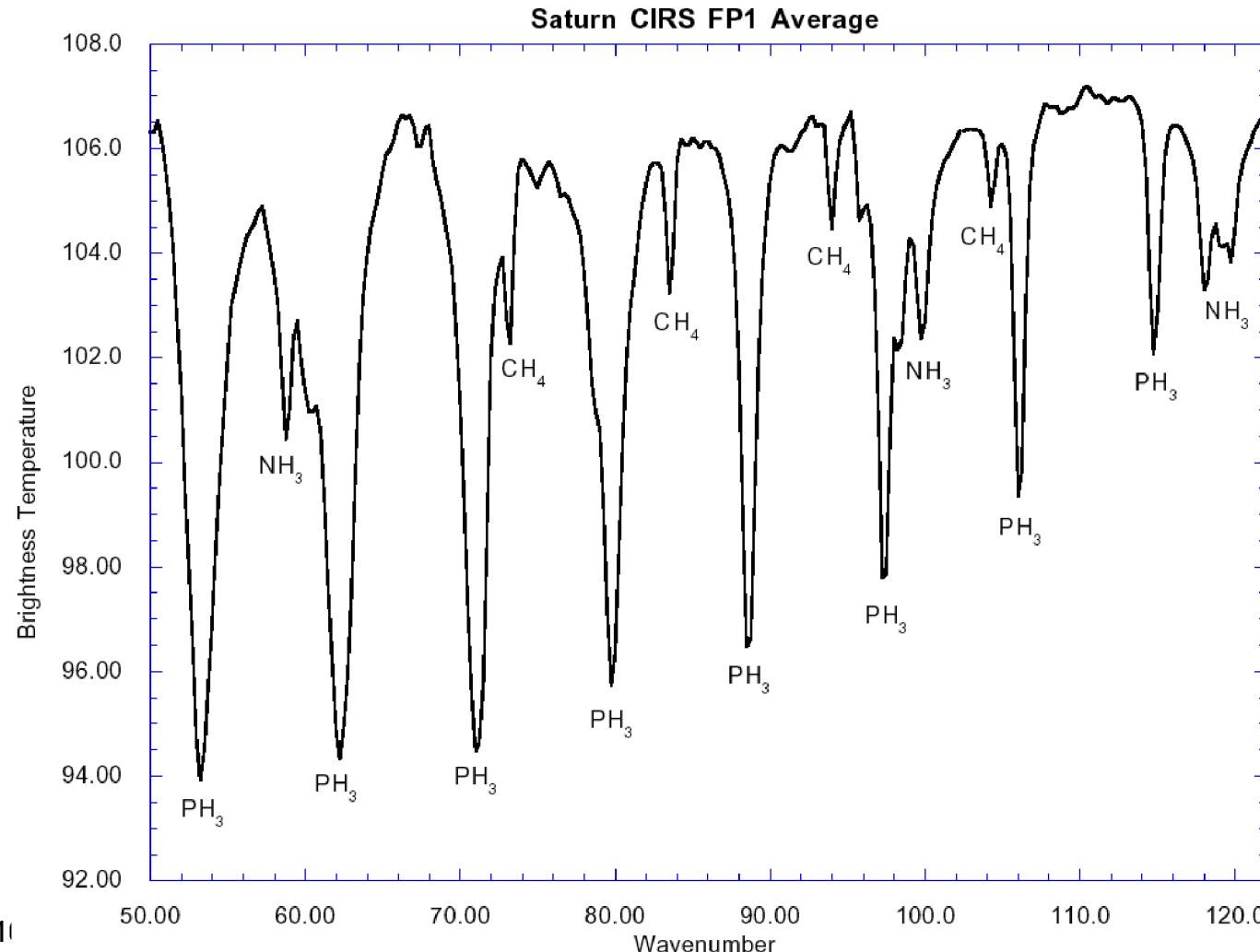


# Saturn Brightness Temperature Spectrum

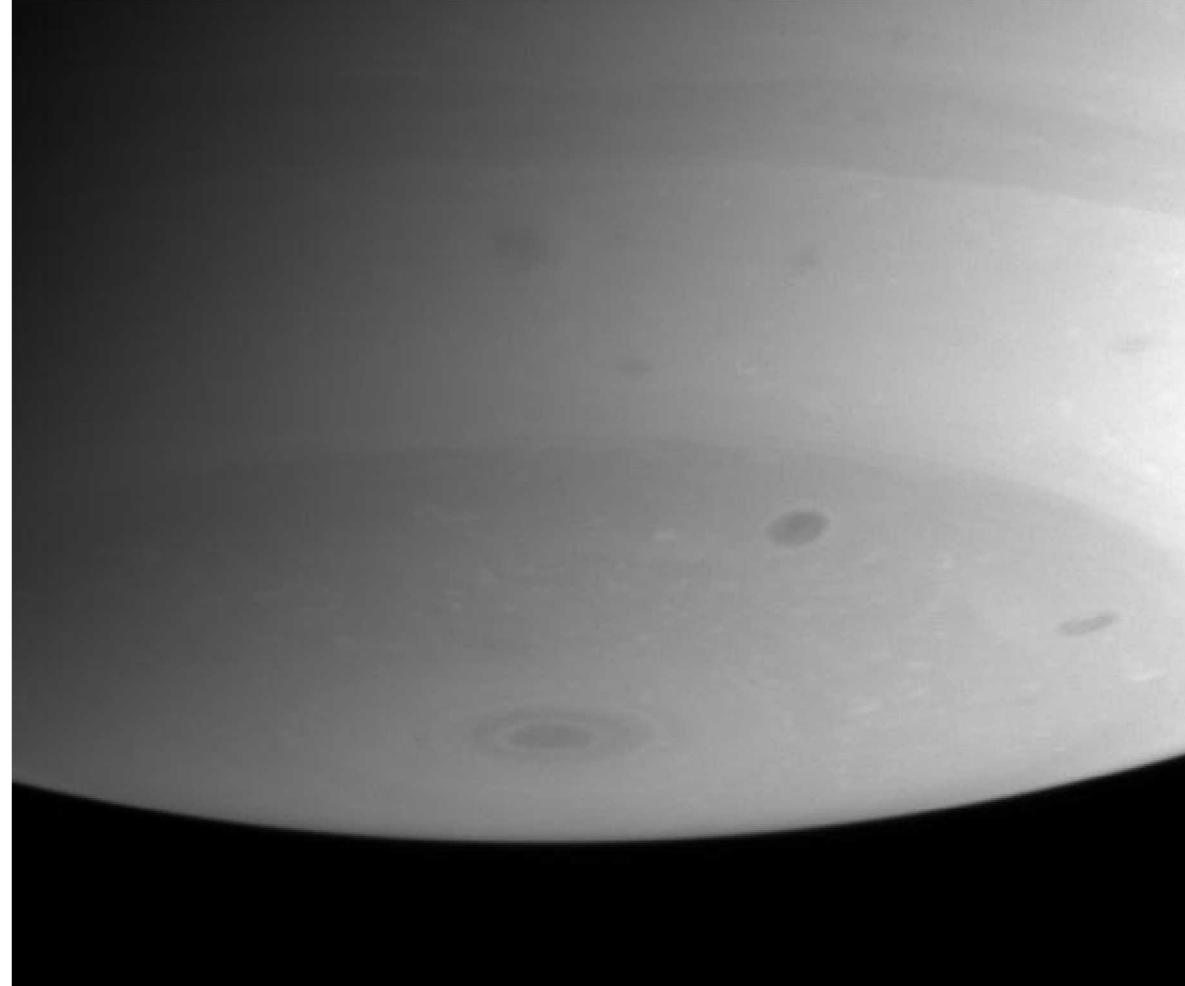




# Saturn in the Far-Infrared

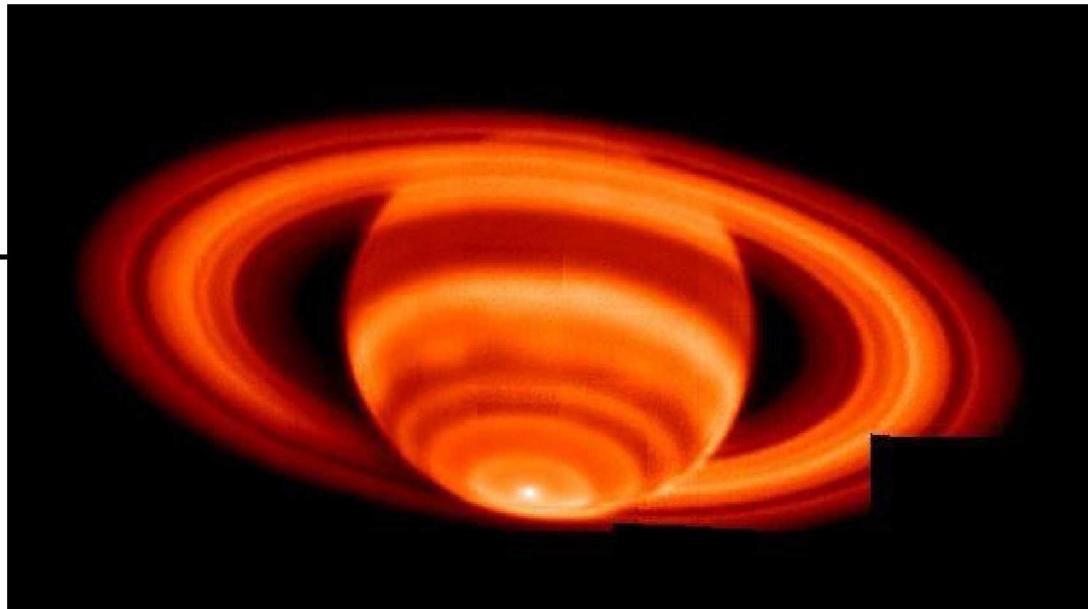


# Storms around Saturn's South Pole



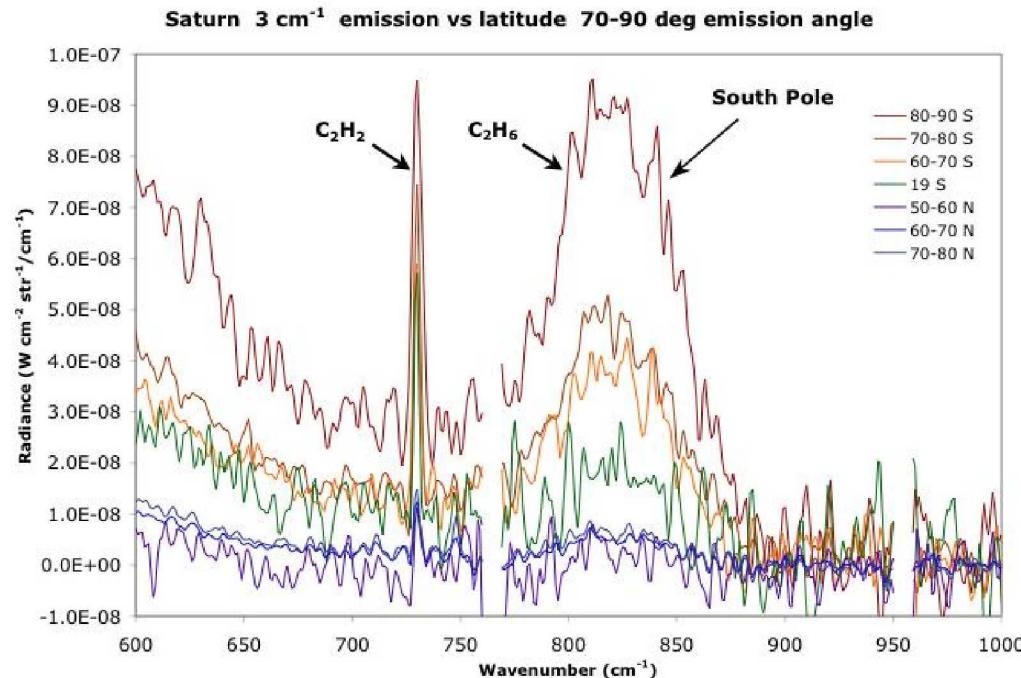


## Saturn in the Infrared from Mauna Kea



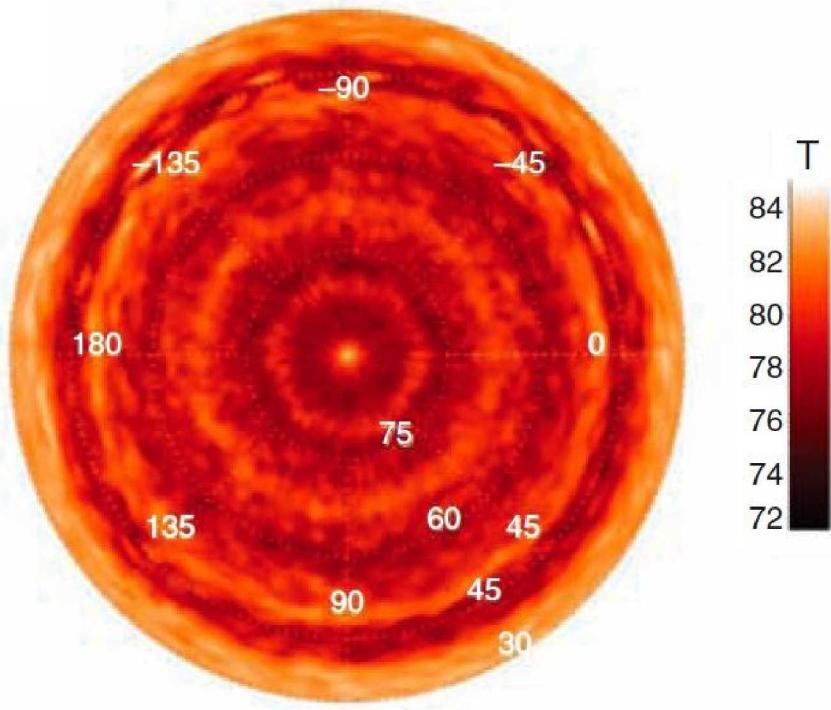
Orton and  
Yanamandra-Fisher  
Science 307, 696.

## CIRS spectra latitude dependence



Hesman *et al.*  
Icarus 202, 249.

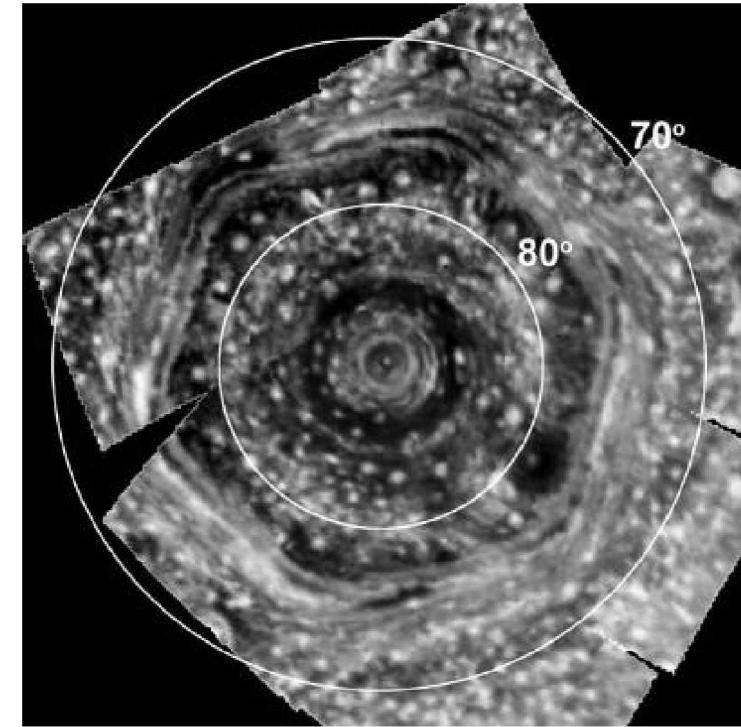
# Saturn's North Polar Hexagon



CIRS thermal image

Fletcher *et al.*, Science 319, 79 (2008)

13 May 2010

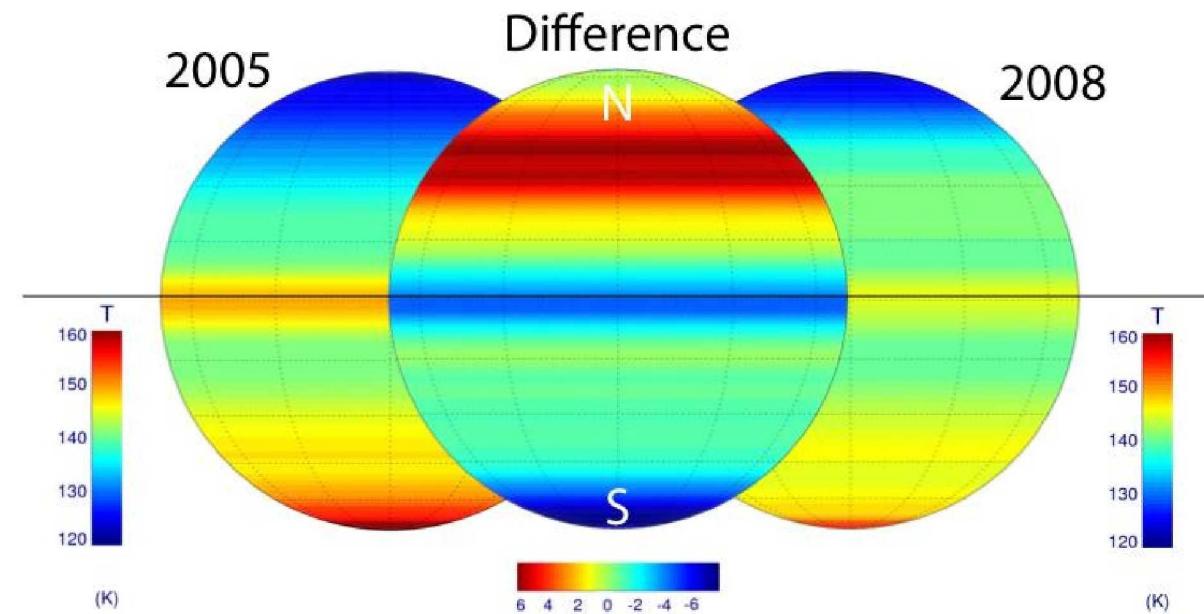


VIMS image

Baines *et al.*, Plan. Sp. Sci. 57, 1671 (2009)

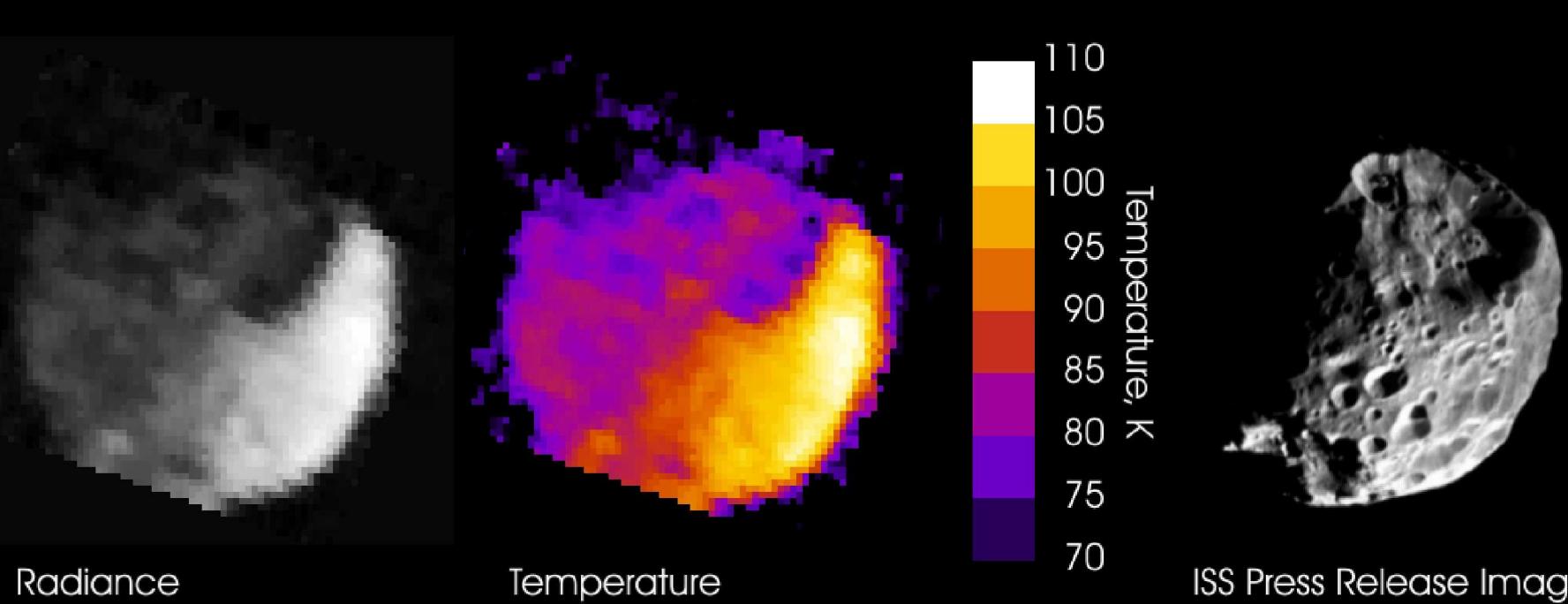
dej-16

# Saturn's Seasonal Temperature Changes



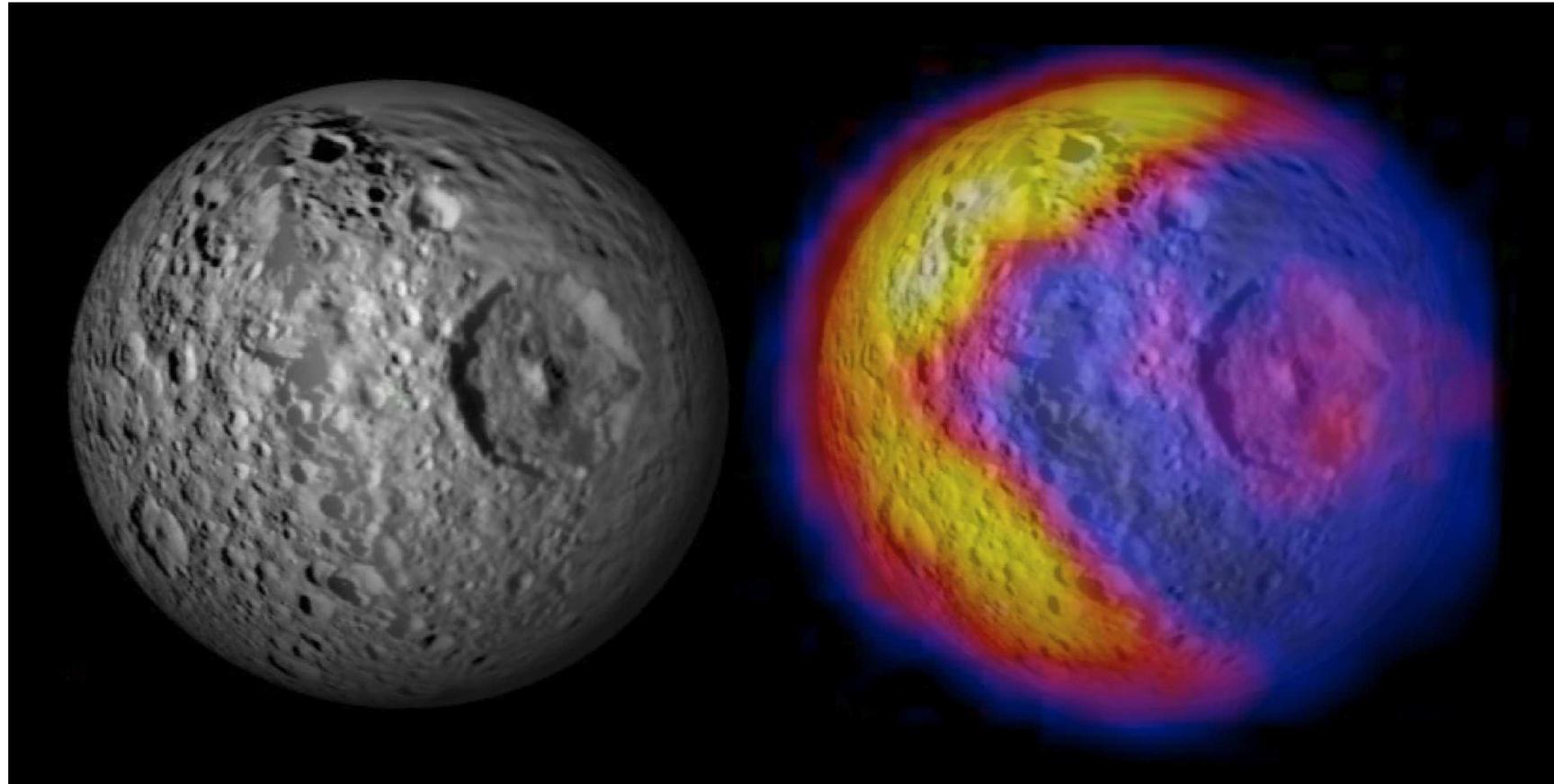
Saturn's Stratospheric Temperatures

# CIRS Thermal Images of Phoebe

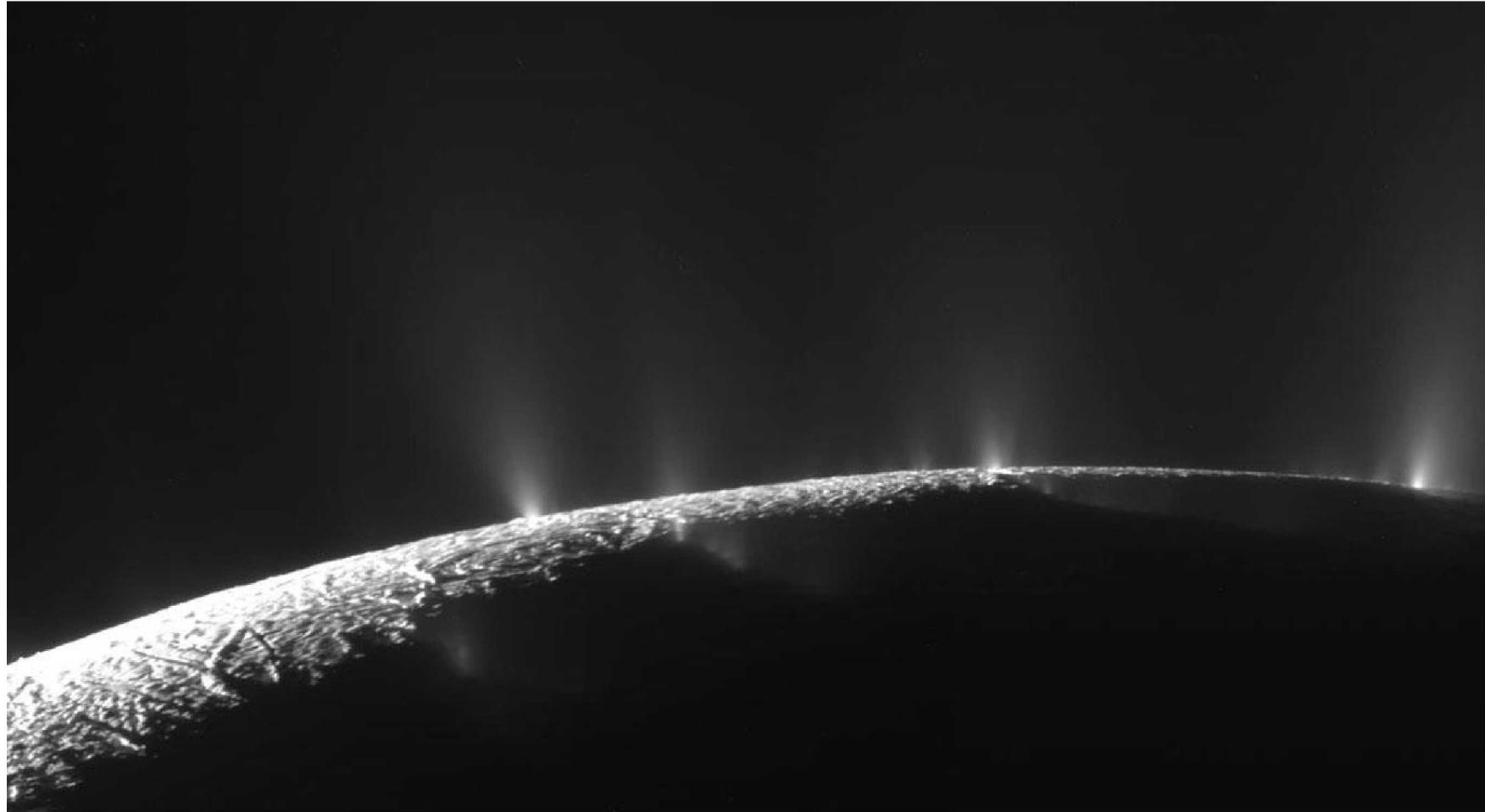


**Phoebe CIRS: FP3REGION003**

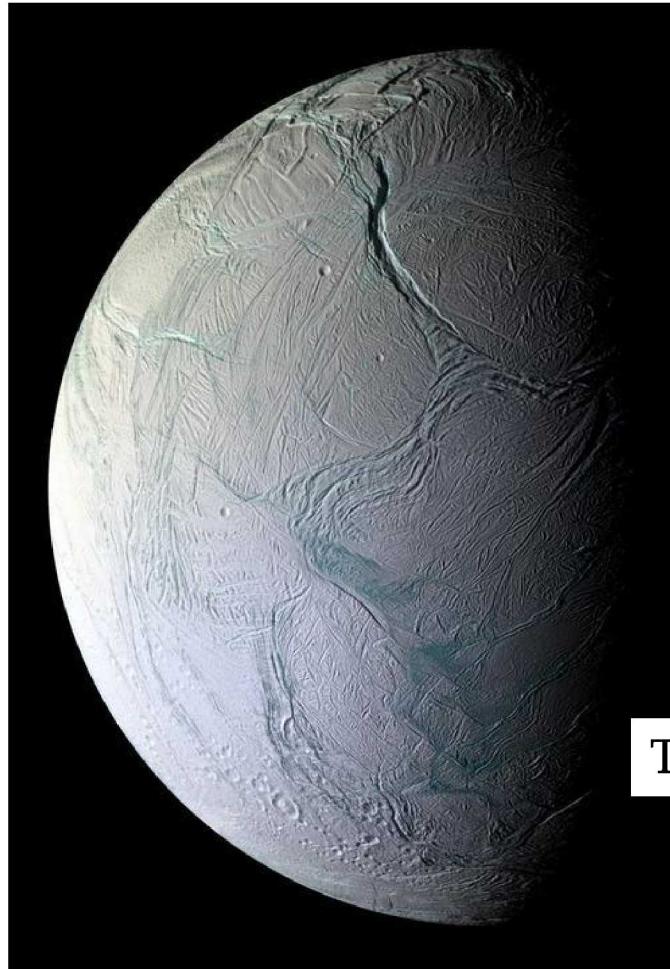
# “Pacman” thermal structure on Mimas



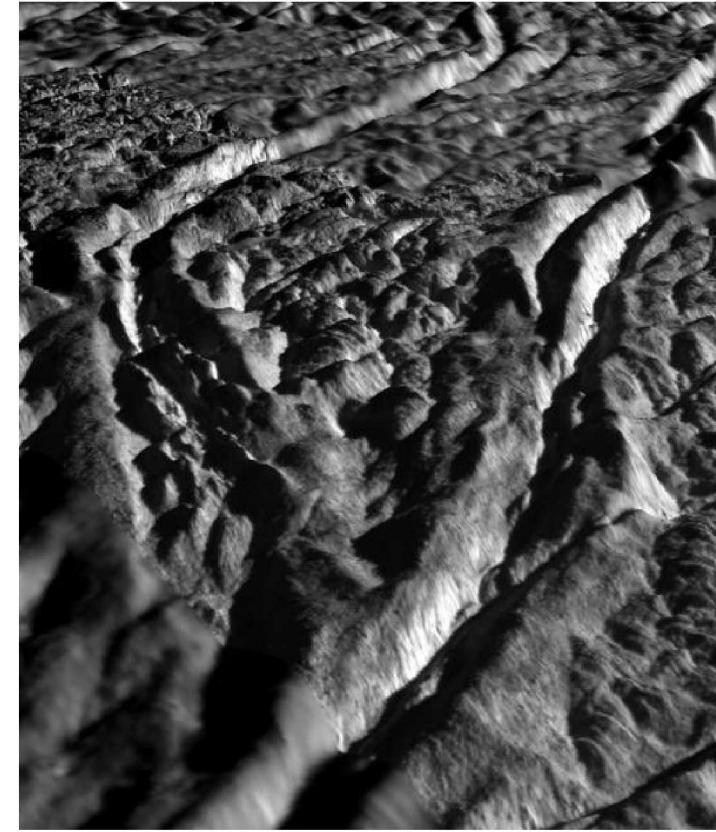
# Enceladus venting during Nov 2009 Flyby



# Hot Fissures on Enceladus



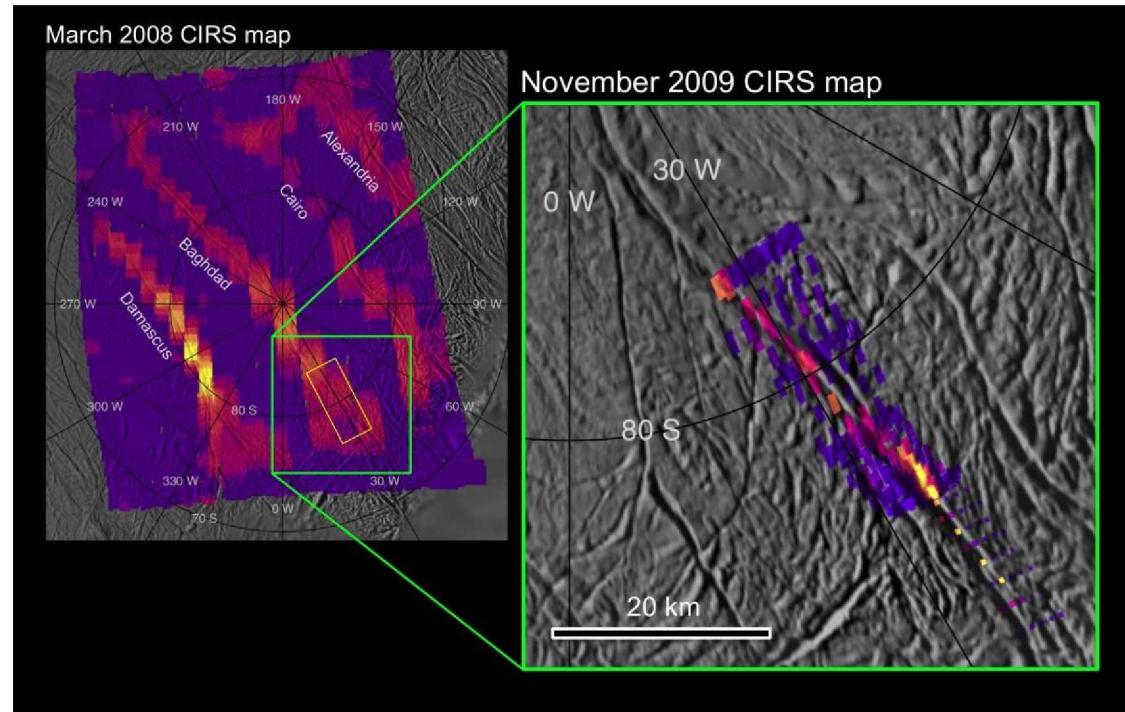
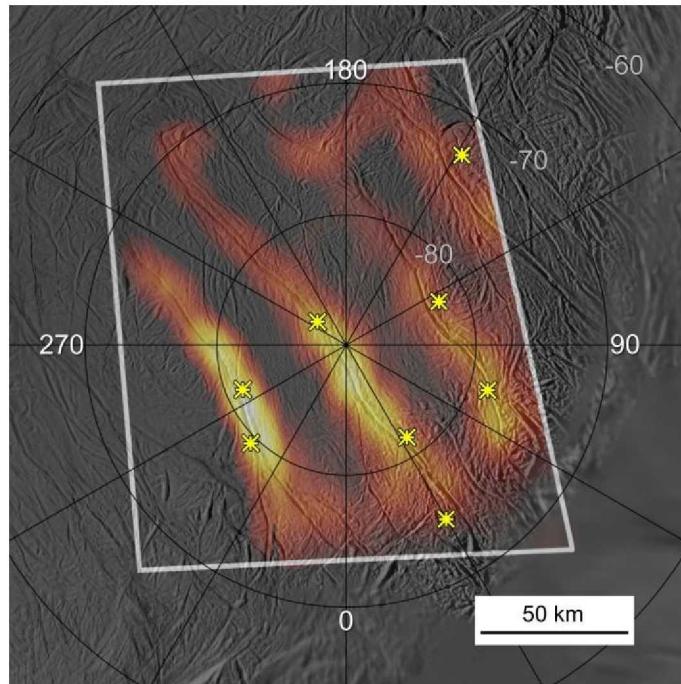
Tiger Stripes



Baghdad Sulcus



# Enceladus Hot Stripes in the Infrared



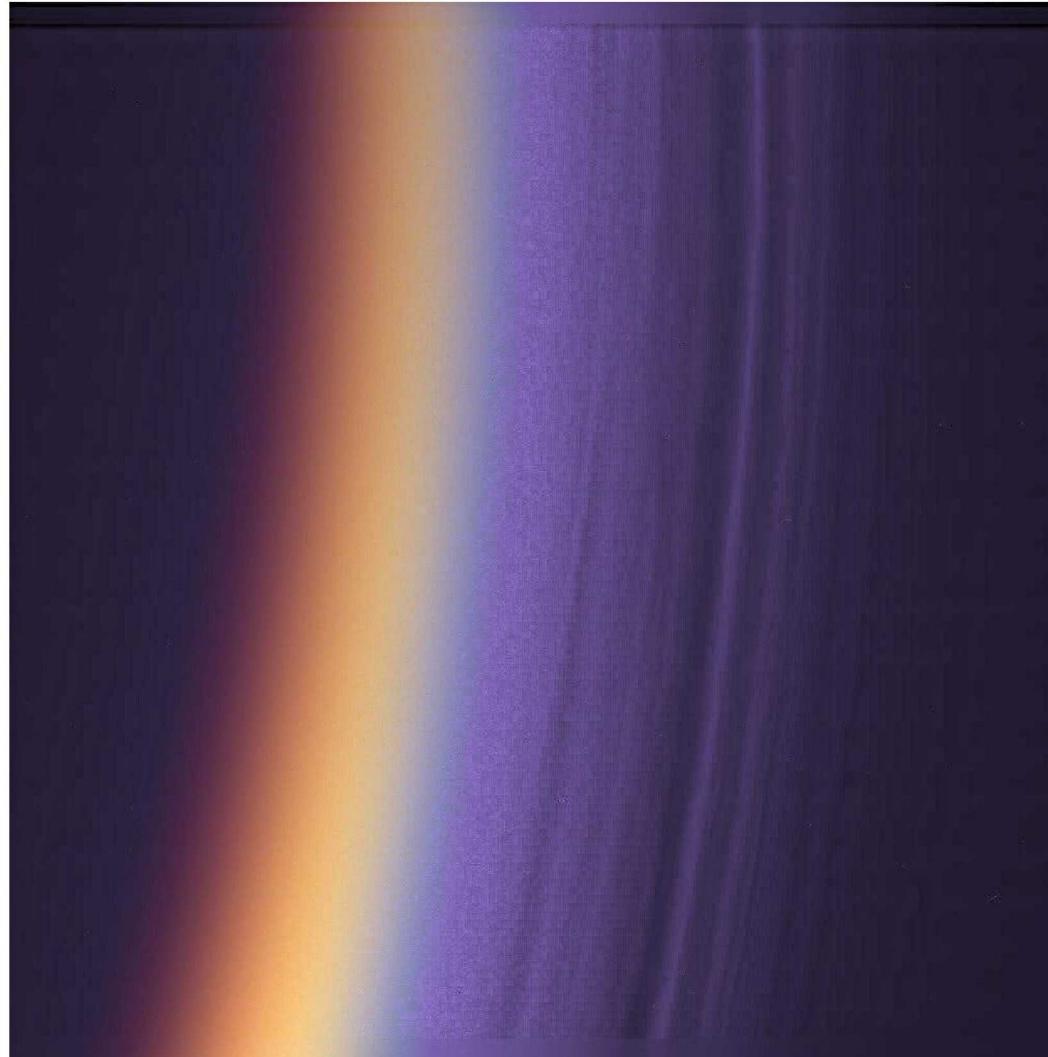


# Titan's Atmospheric Haze

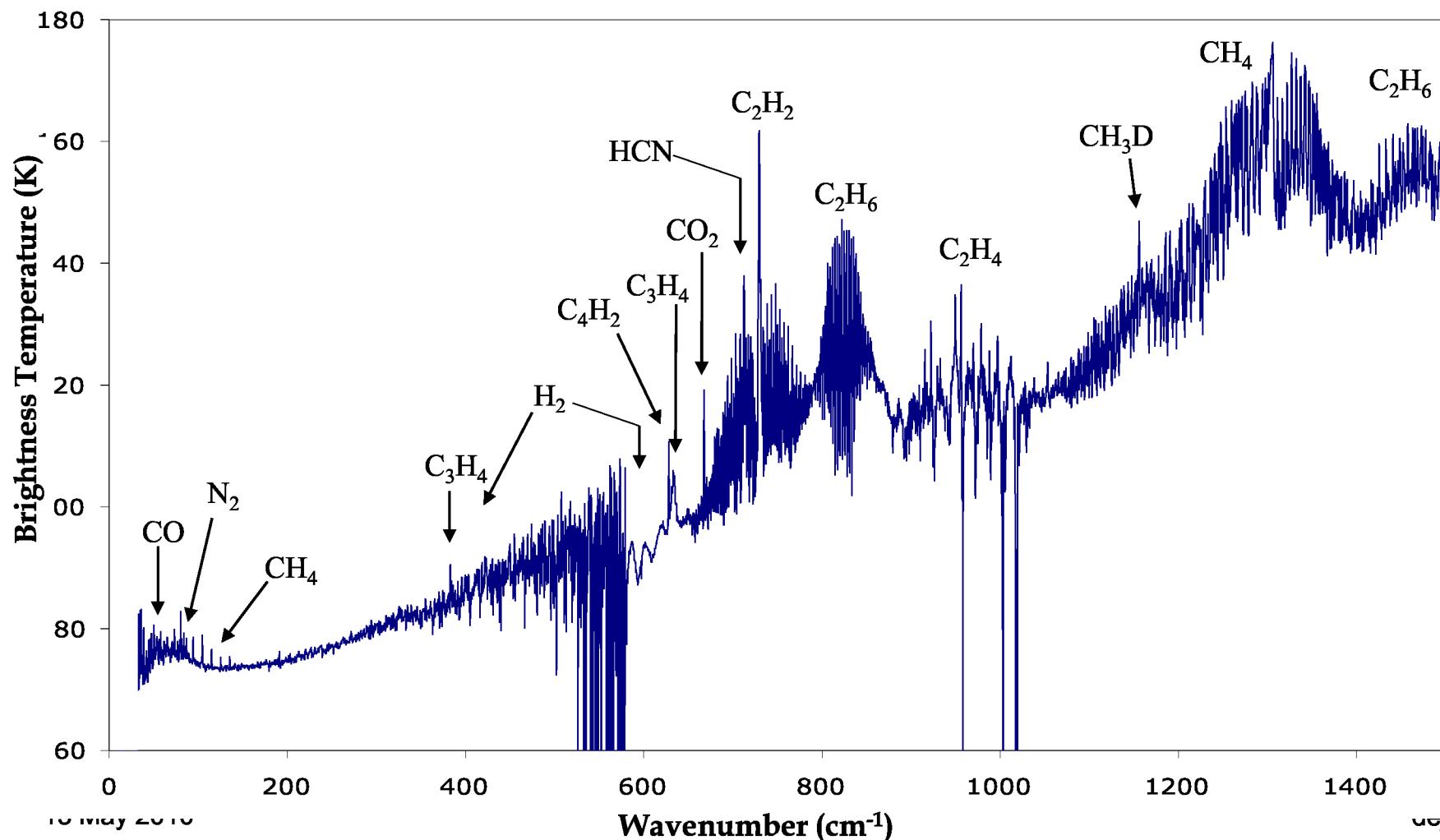
North polar haze cap



# Titan high altitude haze



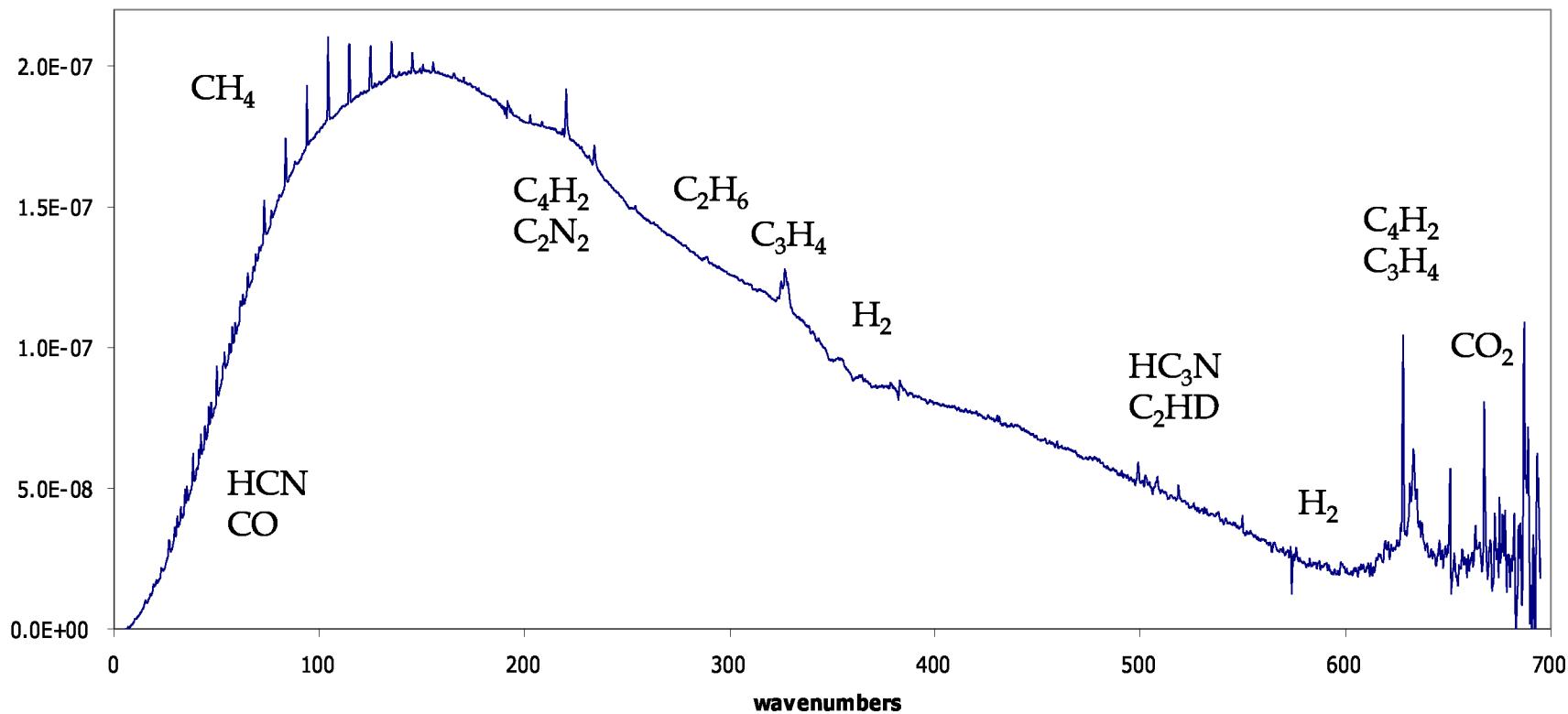
## Composite Brightness Temperature of Titan



# Titan FP1 Large Average



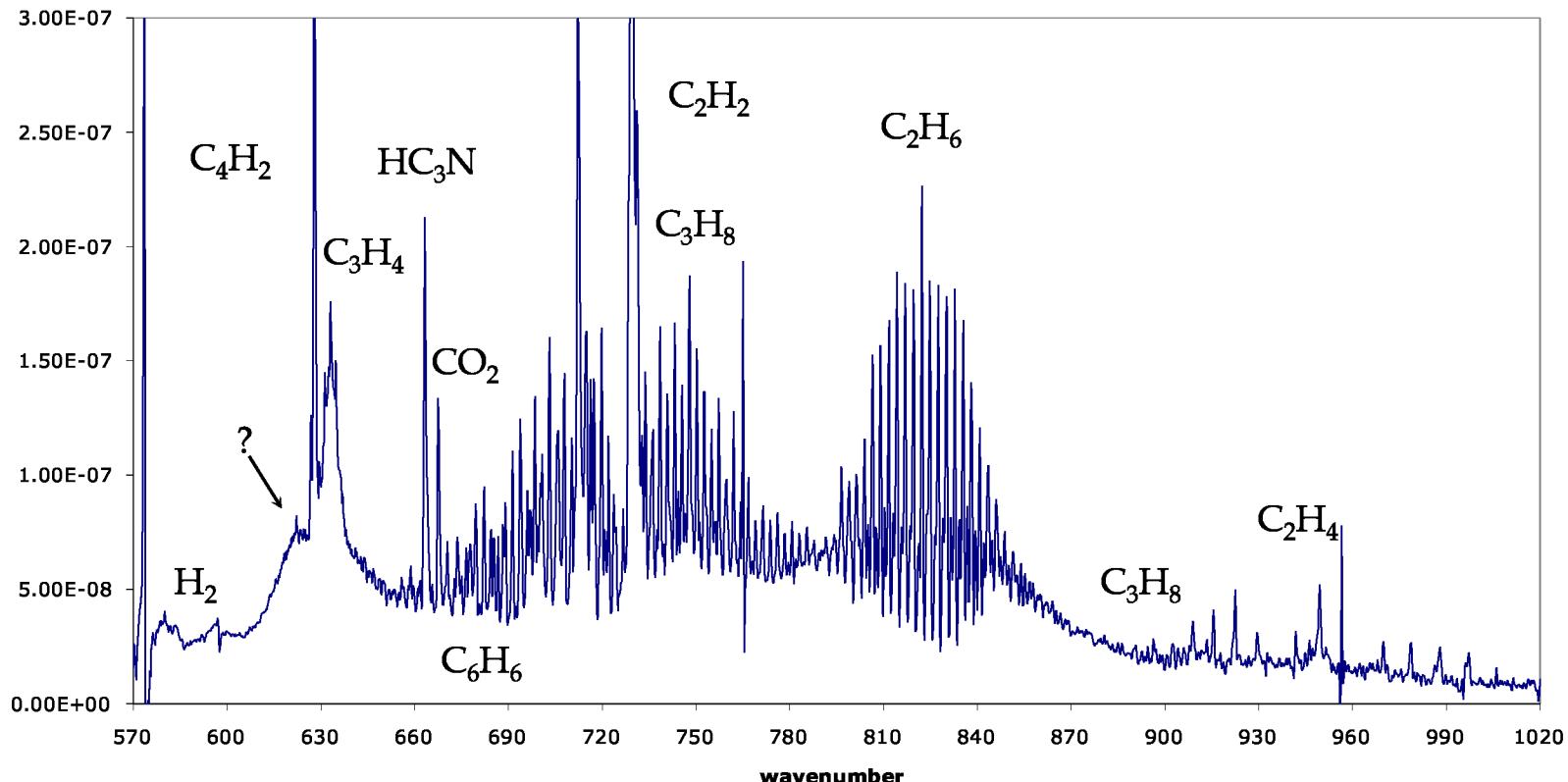
Titan FP1 90S-90N -2500 to 300 km 30341 spectra



# Titan FP3 Large Average



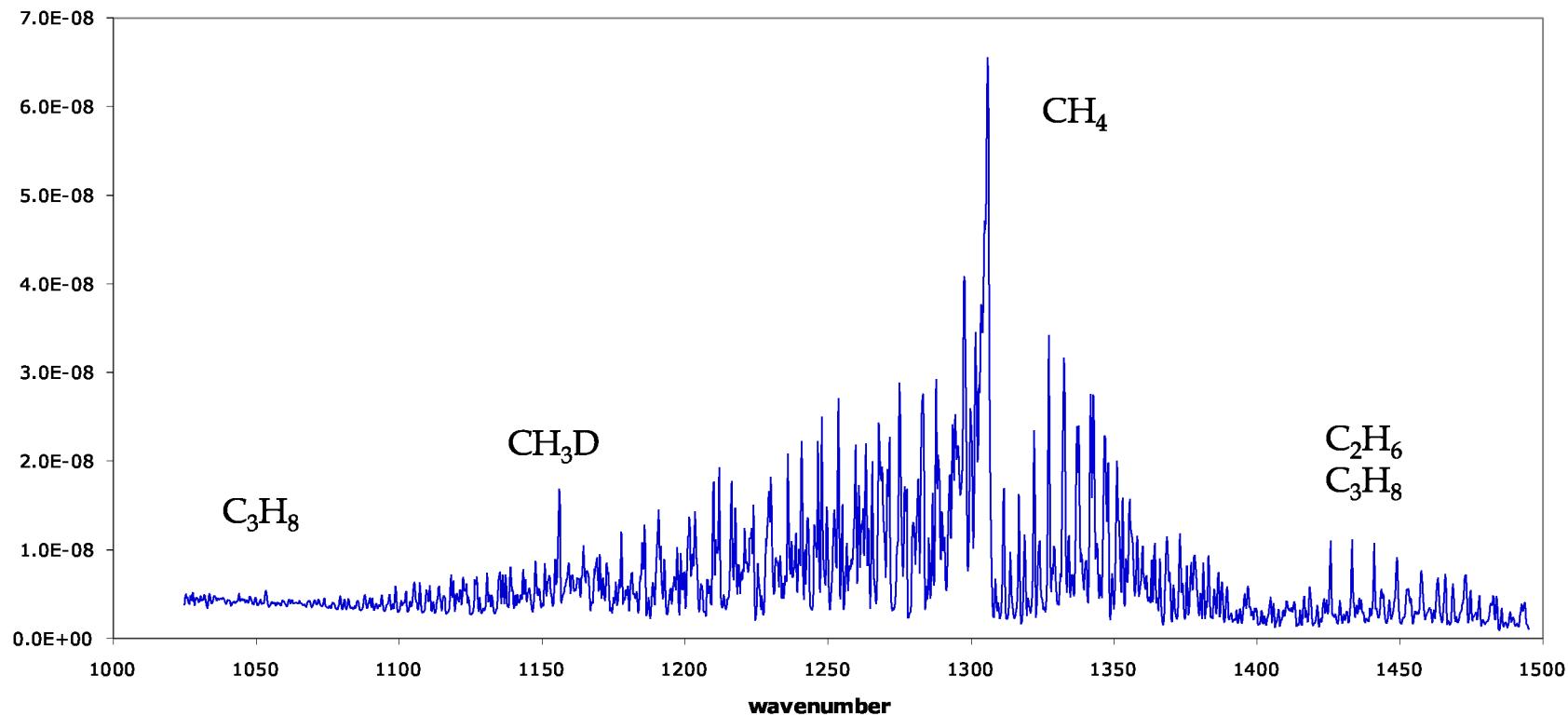
**Titan 60-90N latitude 50-150 tangent height 1006 spectra**



# Titan FP4 Large Average



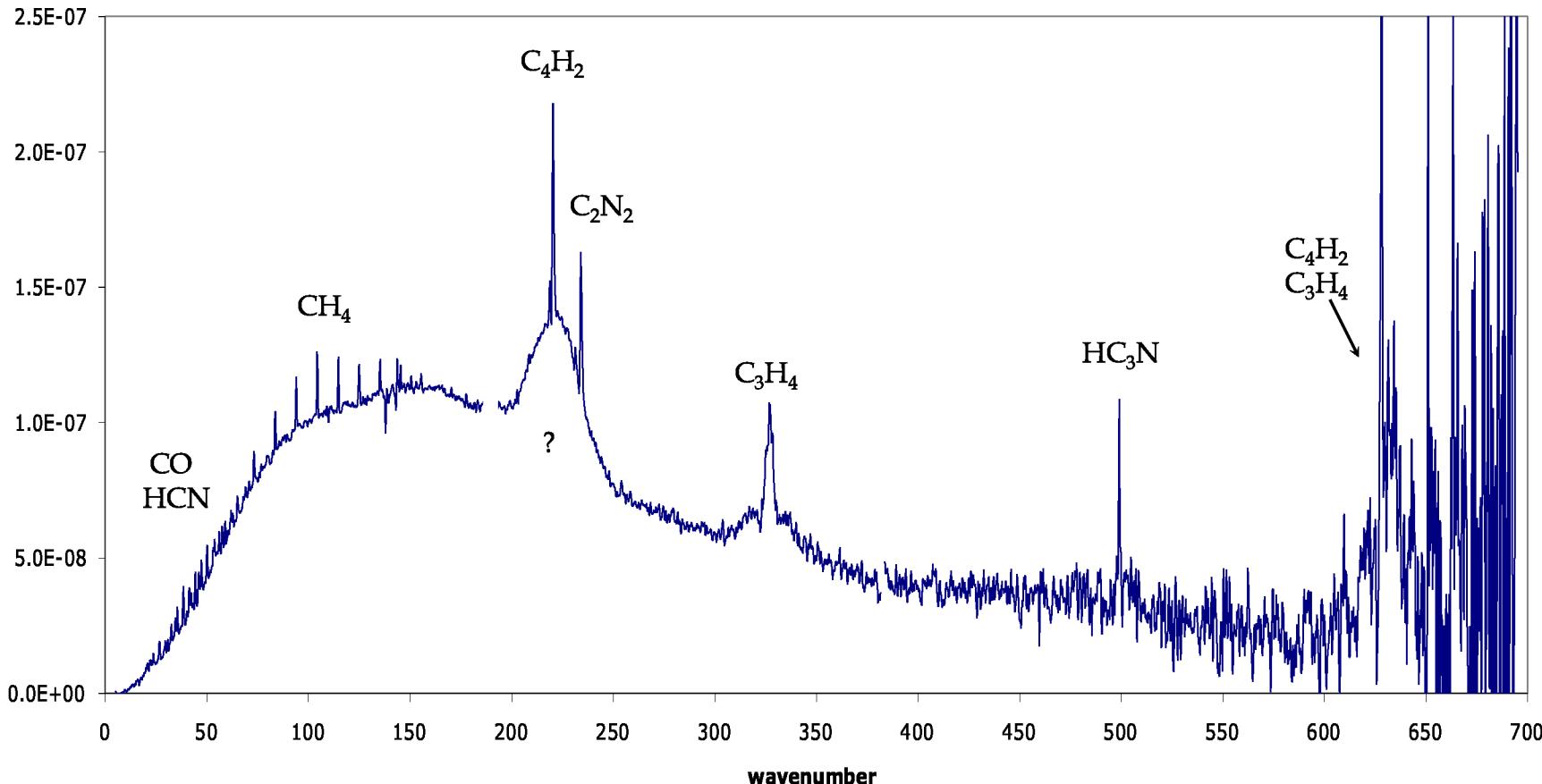
**Titan FP4 disk+limb 60-90N 19769 spectra**





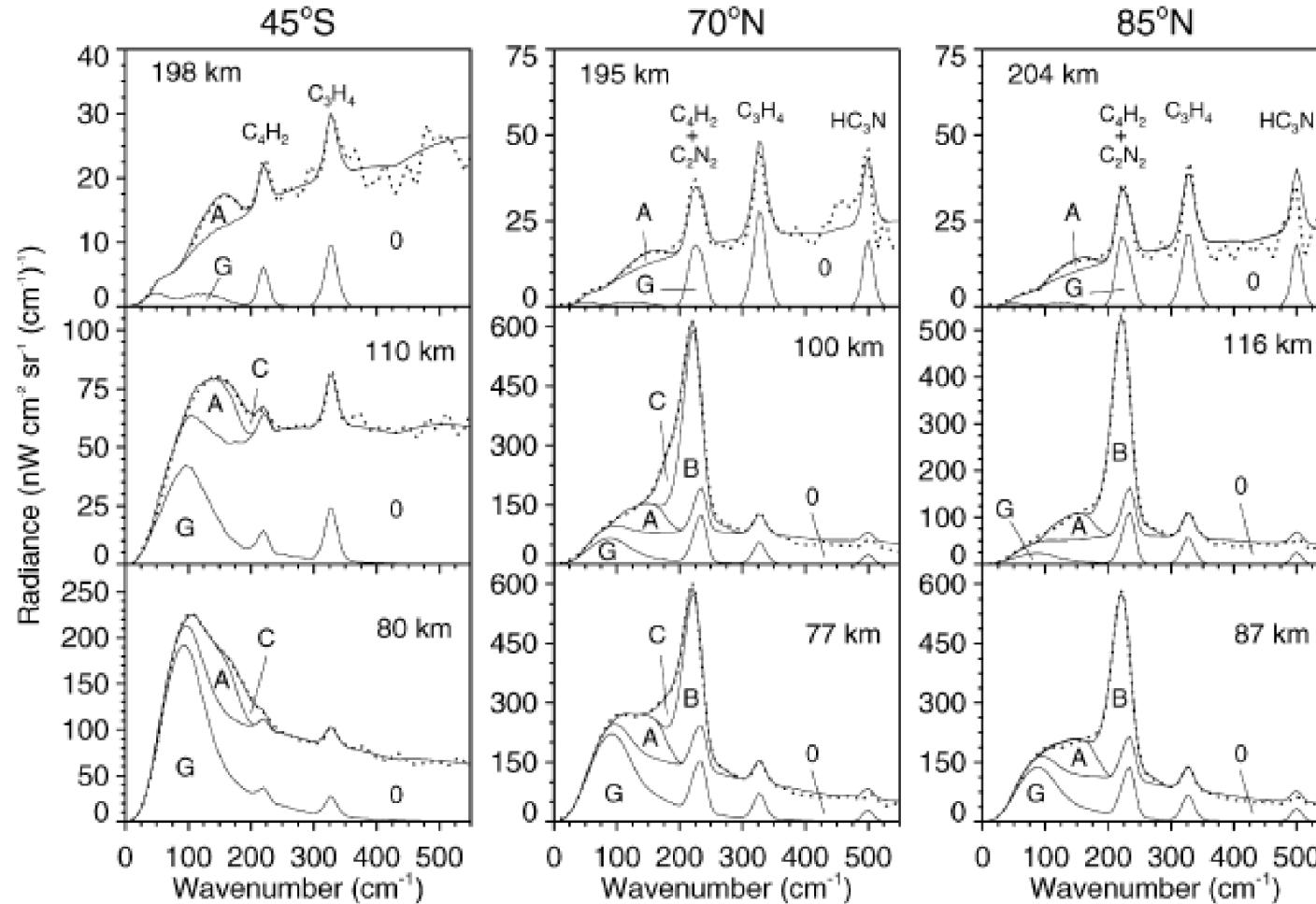
# CIRS FP1 spectrum at 0.5 cm<sup>-1</sup> resolution

Titan 0.5 cm<sup>-1</sup> 60-90N 289 spectra Disk+Off-Limb

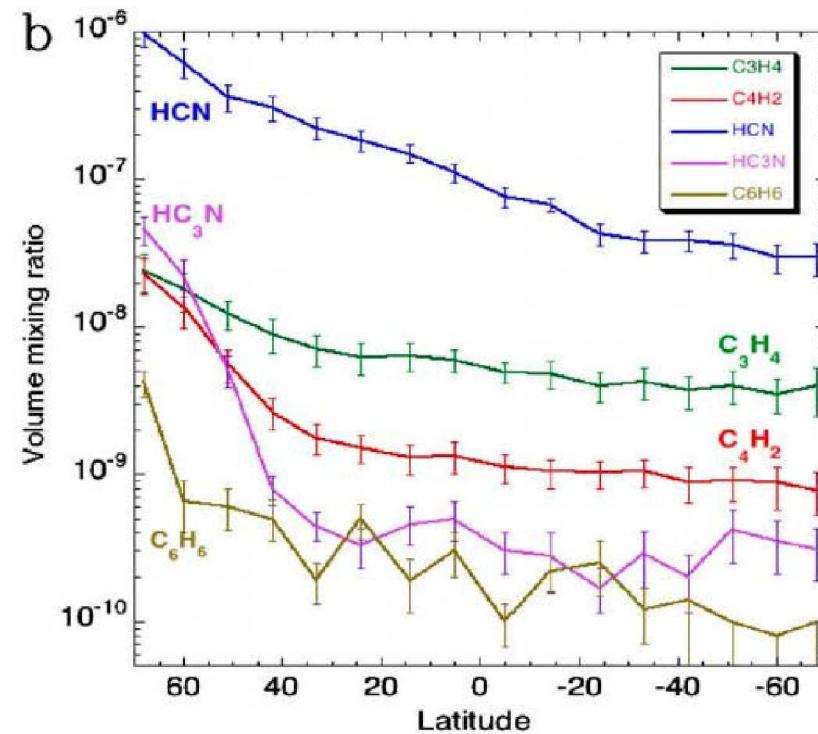
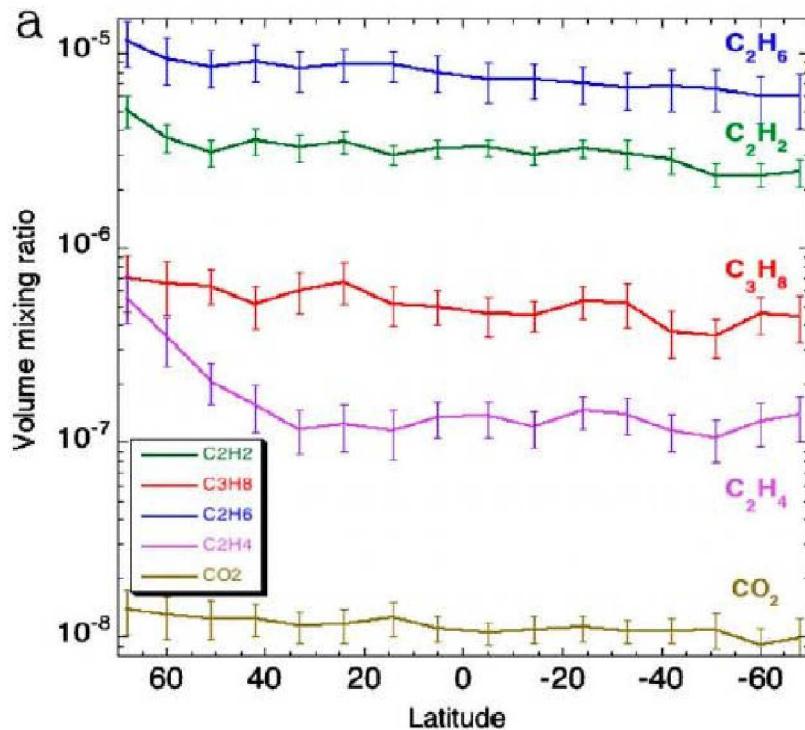




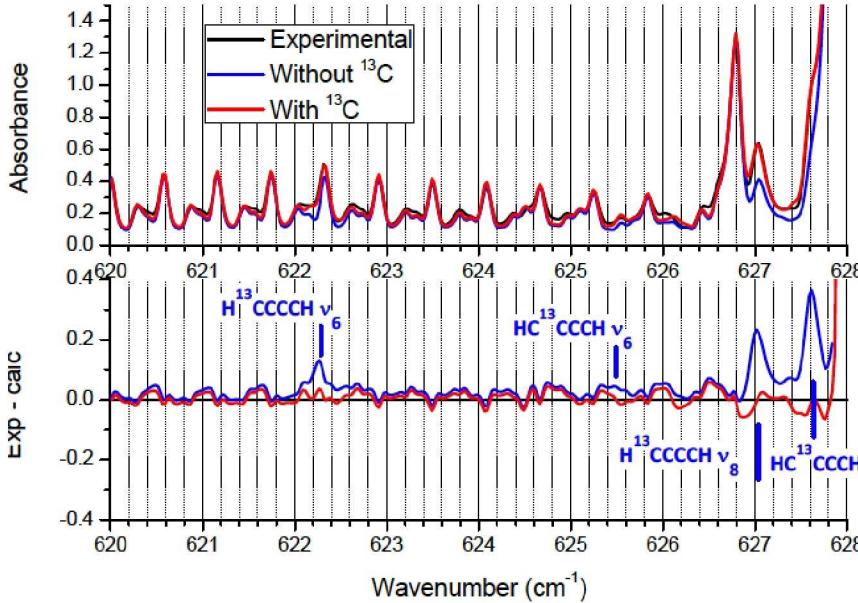
# Titan Haze Spectra



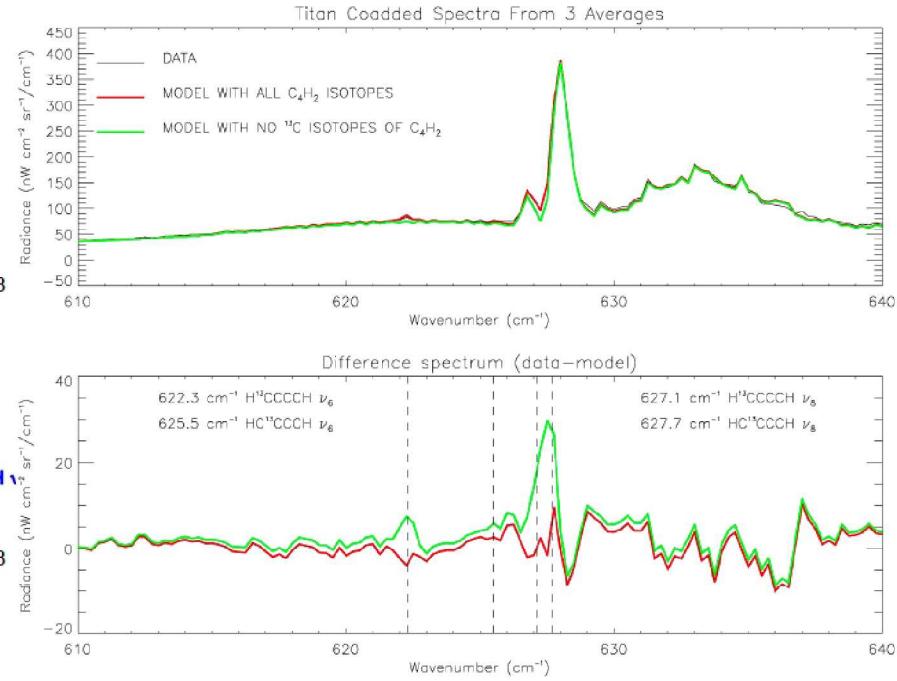
# Trace gases on Titan variation with latitude



# Isotopic species: identification of $^{13}\text{C}$ -diacetylene in Titan from laboratory measurements

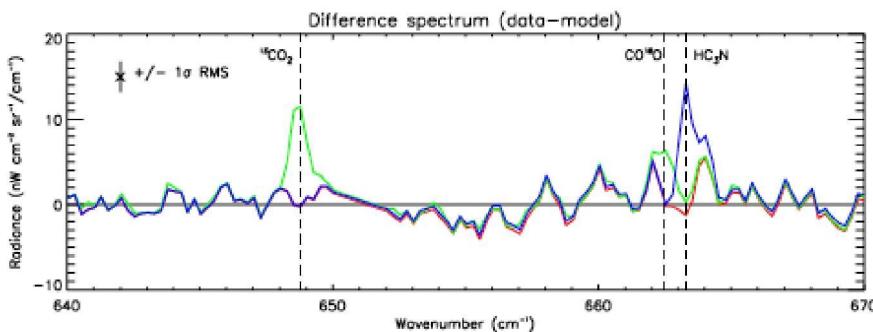
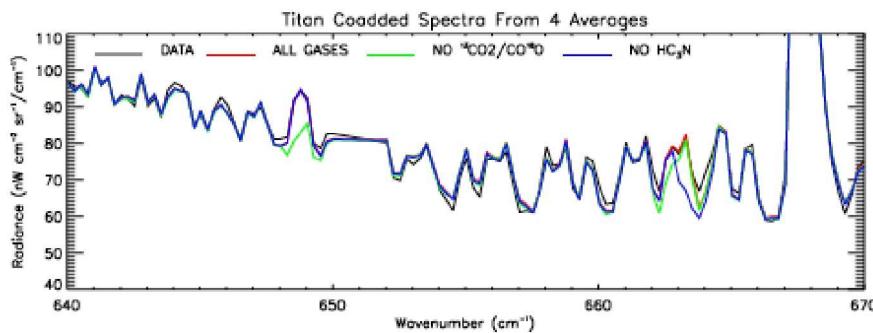
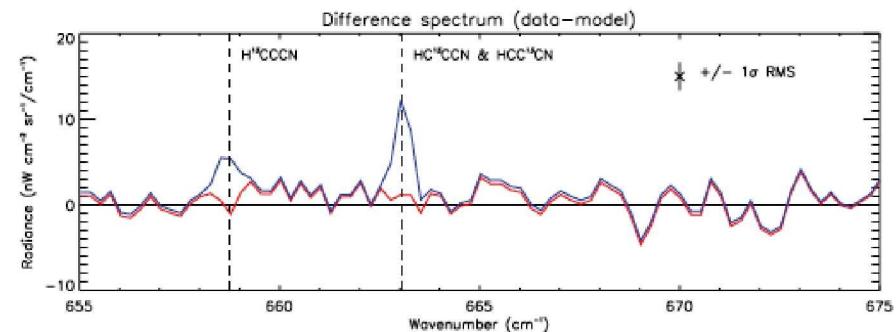
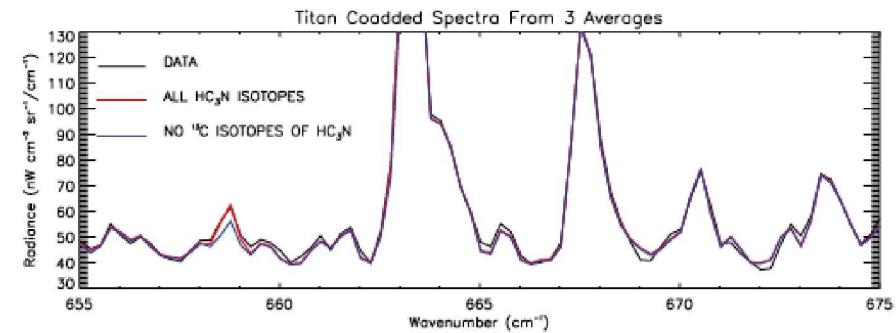


Laboratory spectra of  
 $\text{H}^{13}\text{CCCCH}$  and  $\text{HC}^{13}\text{CCCCH}$



Titan from CIRS observations

Jolly *et al.*, *Astrophys. J.* **714**, 852 (2010).

$^{13}\text{C}$  and  $^{18}\text{O}$  on TitanIsotopic CO<sub>2</sub>Isotopic HC<sub>3</sub>N

Nixon *et al.*, Ap J 681, L101 (2008)

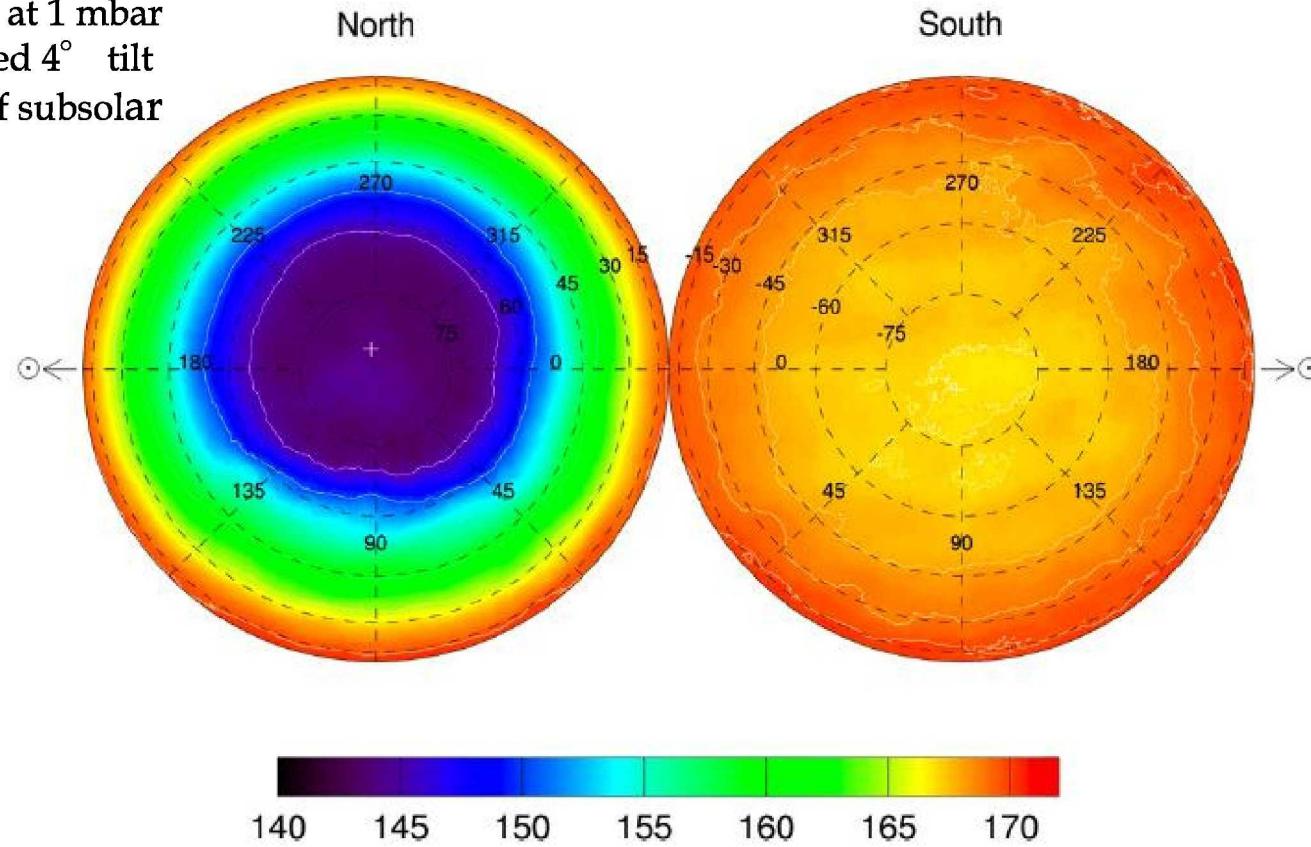
Jennings *et al.*, Ap J 681, L109 (2008)

# Temperature asymmetry in Titan's stratosphere



## Temperatures at 1 mbar

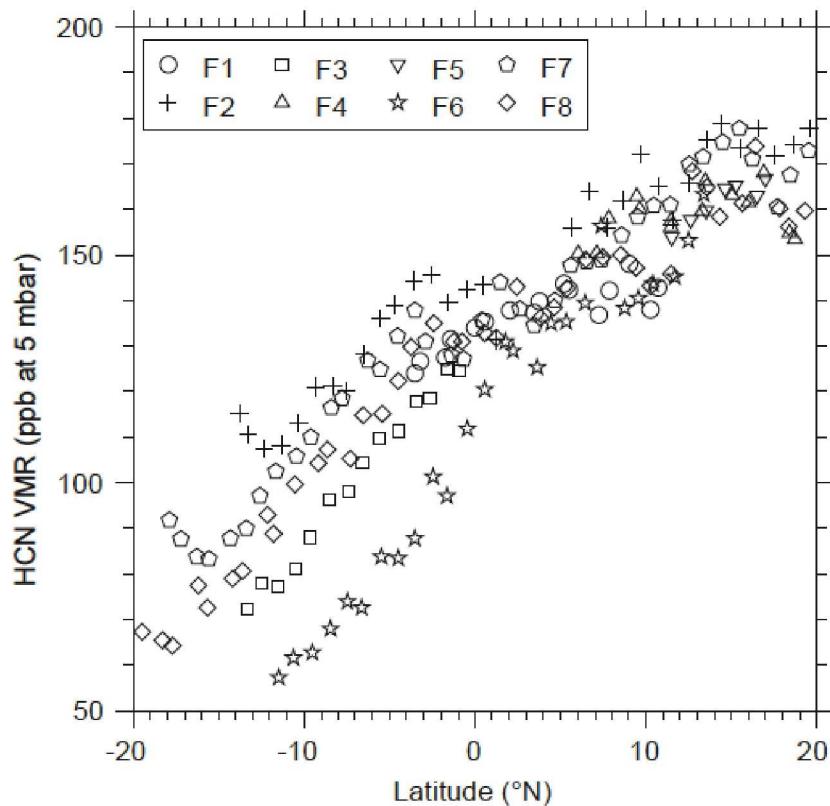
Temperature at 1 mbar  
Tilted 4° tilt  
at 76 W of subsolar



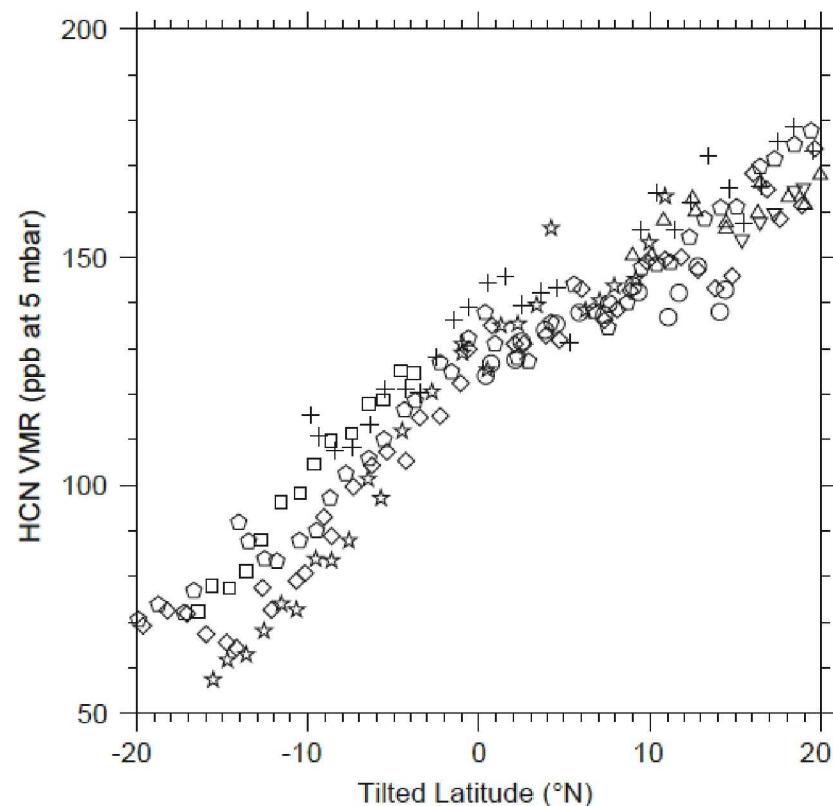
# Stratospheric Tilt from Titan's Rotation Axis



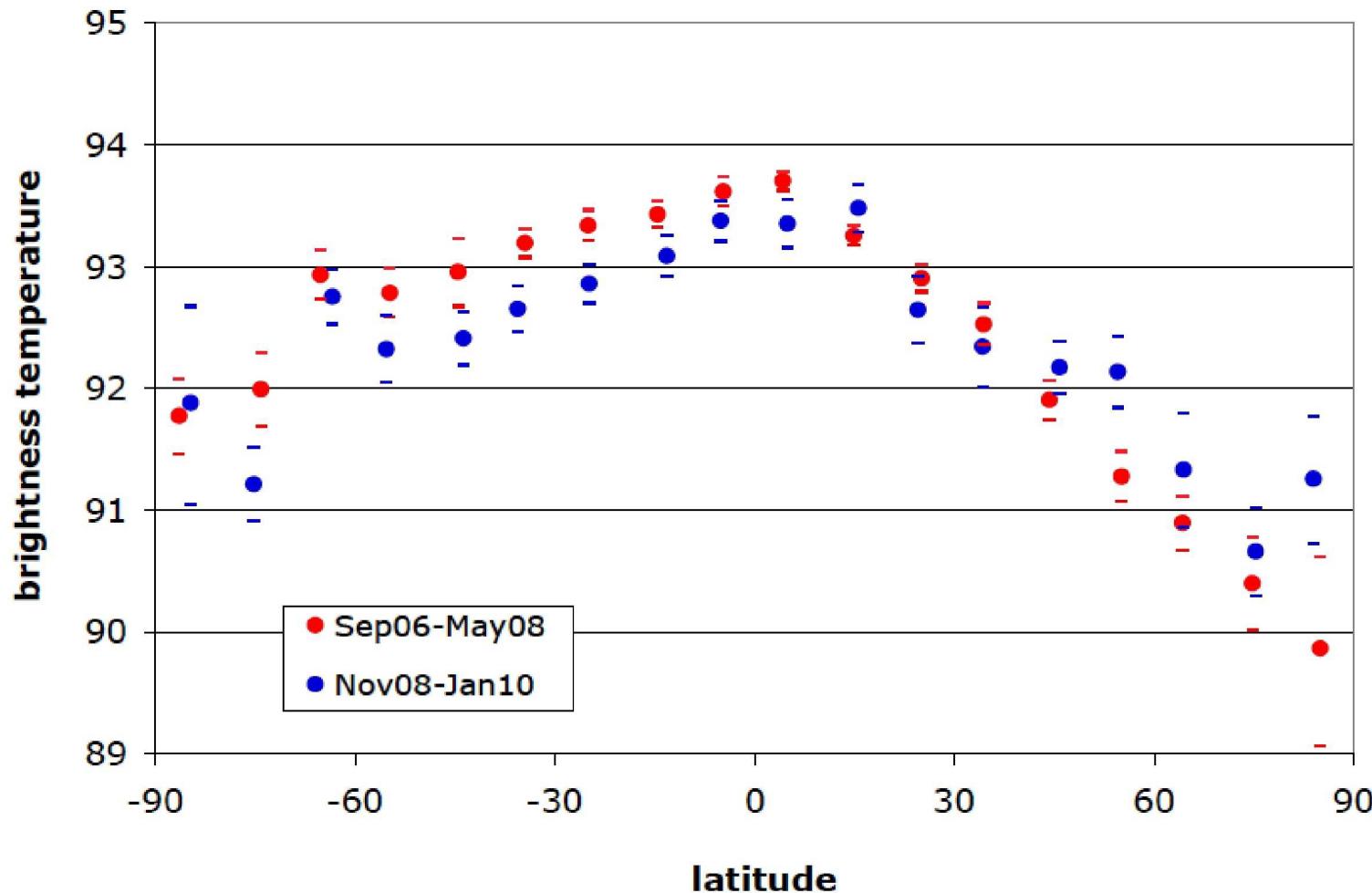
No tilt



$4^\circ$  tilt at 76 W of subsolar  
from Achterberg *et al.* (2008)



# Titan Surface Temperature vs Latitude Seasonal Variation



# Titan Surface Temperature Seasonal Variation Comparison with Predictions for Surface Types

